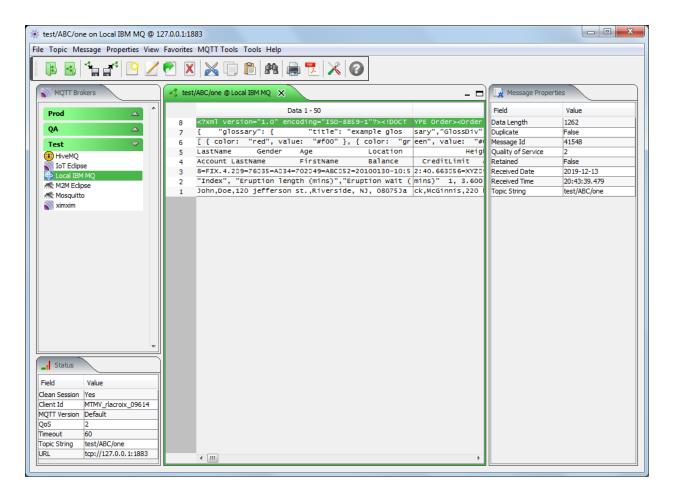
# MQTT Message Viewer User's Guide





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Last Updated: December 2019.

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## 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Overview

**MQTT Message Viewer** application allows users to subscribe, publish, edit, copy, delete, forward, backup, restore, import and export messages of a topic of an MQTT Broker. The messages of a topic are presented in a table format similar to a spreadsheet program. MQTT Message Viewer is an MQTT (MQ Telemetry Transport) client that connects to an MQTT Broker. MQTT is a machine-to-machine (M2M)/Internet of Things (IoT) connectivity protocol.

MQTT Message Viewer is a great tool for IoT (Internet of Things) application programmers, developers, quality assurance testers, and production support personnel. The tool allows for quick problem solving because the data is presented in a very logical and insightful manner.

MTMV is able to connect to any remote MQTT Broker. The remote MQTT Broker can be on any platform. The following is a sample of the MQTT Brokers that MTMV can connect to: 2lemetry, Apache ActiveMQ, Apache Apollo, EMQ, GnatMQ, HBMQTT, HiveMQ, IBM MessageSight, IBM MQ, JoramMQ, Moquette, Mosquitto, MQTT.js, RabbitMQ, RSMB, Software AG Universal Messaging, Solace, ThingMQ and VerneMQ.

An MQTT Broker is responsible for receiving all messages, filtering the messages, deciding which clients are interested in the messages and then sending the messages to all subscribed clients.

MTMV has full language support for the following 55 languages: Amharic, Arabic, Azerbaijani, Bengali, Cebuano, Chinese (Mandarin China), Chinese (Mandarin Taiwan), Czech, Danish, Dutch, English, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Gujarati, Hausa, Hebrew, Hindi, Hungarian, Igbo, Indonesian, Italian, Japanese, Javanese, Kannada, Korean, Malay, Malayalam, Marathi, Norwegian, Panjabi, Pashto, Persian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Russian, Shona, Sindhi, Spanish, Sundanese, Swahili, Swedish, Tamil, Telugu, Thai, Turkish, Ukrainian, Urdu, Uzbek, Vietnamese, Xhosa, Yoruba and Zulu.

MTMV supports SSL/TLS.

MTMV is designed to run on a desktop platform that supports Java SE 7 (or higher). This includes: Linux x86 64-bit, macOS (Mac OS X) and Windows Vista/7/8/8.1/10.

MTMV uses Docking Frames as the framework to display the docks. Written languages are divide into 2 groups: Left-To-Right and Right-To-Left. Docking Frames performs perfectly for Left-To-Right languages but does not support Right-To-Left languages. Therefore, if the user uses any Right-To-Left languages (i.e. Arabic, Hebrew, Sindhi or Urdu) then the tabs for the docks will be on the left rather than on the right. All other features should be in the Right-To-Left format.

## 1.2 Prerequisites

This section provides the minimum supported software levels.

#### 1.2.1 Java

MQTT Message Viewer requires Java SE 7 or higher.

#### 1.2.2 MQTT

MQTT Message Viewer requires MQTT v3.1 or higher. i.e. v3.1, v3.1.1 or v5.0

## 1.2.3 Operating System

MQTT Message Viewer is capable of running on the following operating system platforms that support Java SE 7 (or higher):

- Windows 7/8/8.1/10
- Linux x86 64-bit (Desktop)
- > macOS (Mac OS X) 10.8 or higher (client mode only)

# 2 Installing MQTT Message Viewer

This chapter will describe the installation and registration of MQTT Message Viewer.

#### 2.1 Installation

#### 2.1.1 Windows Installation

To install MQTT Message Viewer on Windows, do the following instructions:

- Run the install program called: mtmv-setup-withjre.exe
- The installer follows the standard Windows install procedures and provides default values for the user.
- When the install program has completed execution, there will be a newly created folder under *Start -> All Programs* called *MQTT Message Viewer*.
- To run MQTT Message Viewer, select the MQTT Message Viewer icon from within the MQTT Message Viewer folder.

#### 2.1.2 Linux Installation

To install MQTT Message Viewer on Linux x86 64-bit, do the following instructions:

• First, the user needs to set the 'execute' permission for the installer program:

```
chmod +x mtmv-setup-linux.bin
```

• Next, run the installer with the following command:

```
./mtmv-setup-linux.bin
```

- The installer will prompt the user for the installation directory. The default value will be 'Capitalware/MTMV'.
- To run MQTT Message Viewer, go to the installation directory and issue the following command:

./mtmv

#### 2.1.3 macOS Installation

To install MQTT Message Viewer on macOS, do the following:

- Double click the MQTT Message Viewer.dmg file to open it
- Follow the instructions on the opened DMG window and drag the MQTT Message Viewer icon to the Applications folder.
- Close the DMG window and then eject the DMG
- To run MQTT Message Viewer, go to the Application folder and double click on **MQTT Message Viewer**

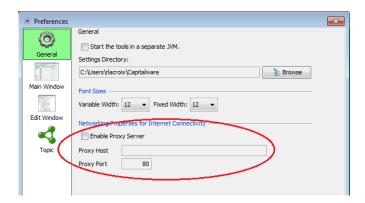
#### 2.2 Registration

This section will describe how to obtain a license and then register your copy of MQTT Message Viewer. To purchase a copy of MQTT Message Viewer (obtain a license), go to Capitalware's web site (www.capitalware.com) and select MQTT Message Viewer, then click the *Buy Now* button.

A license is for a single end-user. Once the user has received their license key, they will need to input the license key in the Registration window and then retrieve an Access Code. *Note: A license key can ONLY be registered once.* When the user clicks the *Submit* button MQTT Message Viewer will attempt the register the user's license key by contacting the 'capitalware.com' server.

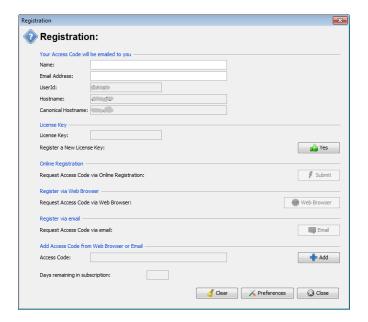
Note: Do not register MQTT Message Viewer under Administrator account or any other SysAdmin account. It must be the end-user who completes the registration process under their own account.

If your company uses a Proxy Server then the user will need to input this information, so that MQTT Message Viewer can access the internet. Select **File** then **Preferences**:



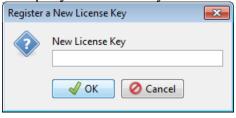
Click **Enable Proxy Server** checkbox then input your company's Proxy Server and Proxy Port and click **OK** to save the information.

To input the license key, from the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select File then Register:



#### Do the following:

- Input the user's name and email address
- Next, click the Yes button to input your license key



• Finally, click the **Submit** button to get your Access Code.



Note: A license key can ONLY be registered once.

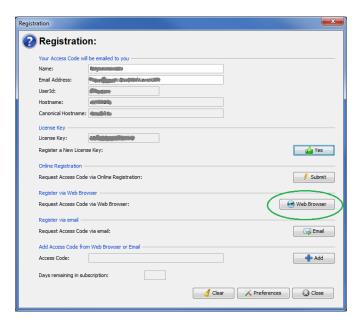
## 2.3 Connectivity Issues

This section will describe how to handle registering MQTT Message Viewer when the user has connectivity issues.

#### 2.3.1 Registering using a Web Browser

Before attempting to register via a web browser, please attempt the instructions in section 2.2 (clicking the *Submit* button). If you followed the instructions in section 2.2 including setting the Proxy values and the registration failed then the end-user can attempt to register via a web browser

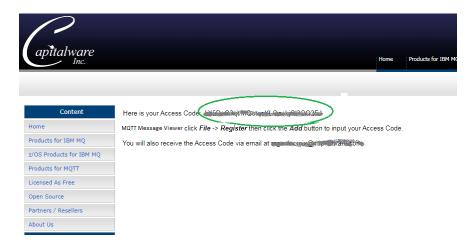
Click the Web Browser button to launch the default web browser on your PC/laptop.



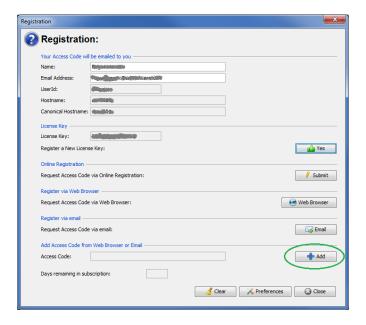
MQTT Message Viewer will launch the default web browser on your PC/laptop and then display the following popup.



Your web browser will connect to Capitalware's online registration server and submit the end-user's information for registering the product. When the registration process is complete, the web browser will display your Access Code. En email will also be sent to the email address that the end-user provided.



#### Next, click Add button



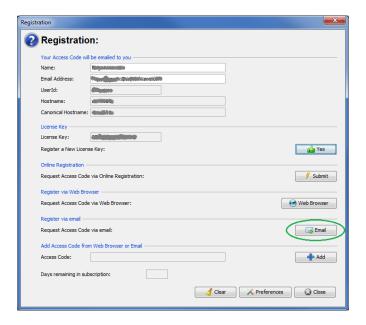
Copy and paste the Access Code from the web browser (or email) and then click **OK** button



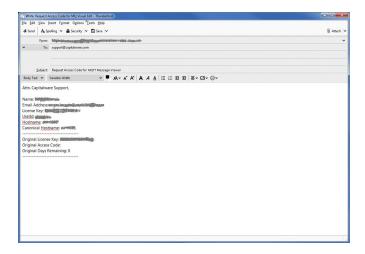
#### 2.3.2 Registering by Email

Before attempting to register via an email, please attempt the instructions in section 2.2 (clicking the *Submit* button) and the instructions in section 2.3.1. If you followed the instructions in section 2.2 including setting the Proxy values and the registration failed then the end-user can attempt to register via a web browser

If MQTT Message Viewer cannot make a connection to Capitalware's web server (with or without a Proxy Server) or the default web browser cannot make a connection, then the user can email the information to 'support@capitalware.com'. Click the **OK** button to retrieve the information:



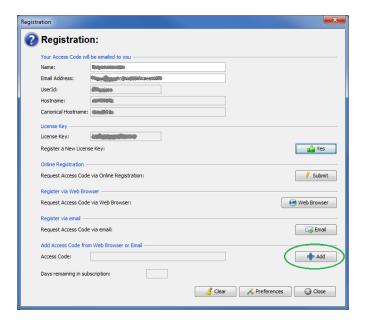
MQTT Message Viewer will launch the default email client program on your PC/laptop and create the following email which is to be sent to 'support@capitalware.com'.



You will receive the Access Code via email. Simply click the **Add** button and input the Access Code.

When you receive the reply email from Capitalware Support, do the following:

#### Click Add button



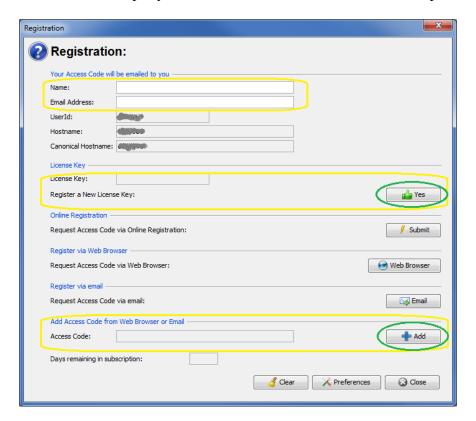
Copy and paste the Access Code from the reply email and then click **OK** button.

#### 2.4 A New or Replacement PC or Laptop

This section will describe how to handle inputting your information into MQTT Message Viewer for a new/replacement PC/laptop after you have previously registered your MQTT Message Viewer license key.

It is very common for users to get a new PC/laptop or have Windows re-installed on their PC/laptop. The first thing the user needs to do is find the email called 'MQTT Message Viewer Access Code' from 'support@capitalware.com' that they received when they originally registered MQTT Message Viewer. It will contain their Access Code.

- First, the user needs install MQTT Message Viewer (follow the installation instructions in section 2.1).
- Optional step, the user will want to copy the following 2 files to their new PC/laptop that are located in C:\Users\{UserId}\Capitalware\\ directory:
  - o BrokerInfo.db
  - UserFormats.db (if it exists)
- Finally, the user will need to input their information, License Key and Access Code into MQTT Message Viewer
  - Click *File -> Register* and input your name and email address
  - Click the *Yes* button and input the License key
  - Click Add button and input your Access Code from the email the user previously received



#### 2.5 Yearly Registration Process

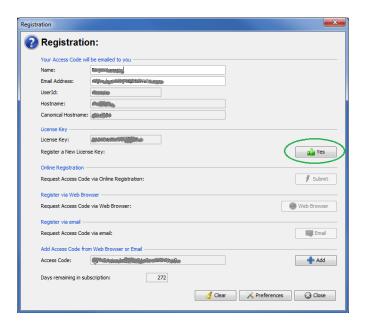
MQTT Message Viewer license is for a 1-year subscription. When the 1-year subscription ends, the license key becomes invalid (garbage). Hence, to continue to use MQTT Message Viewer, the enduser will need to purchase another license for a 1-year subscription to MQTT Message Viewer. This section will describe how to register a *new license* key during or after an existing 1-year subscription to MQTT Message Viewer.

If the end-user is using a previous release of MQTT Message Viewer, Capitalware strongly suggests that the end-user upgrades to the latest release of MQTT Message Viewer. The order email includes the download link (with UserId and Password) to the latest commercial release of MQTT Message Viewer. Simply follow the upgrade instructions in Appendix B.

To input the license key, from the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select File then Register.

#### Do the following:

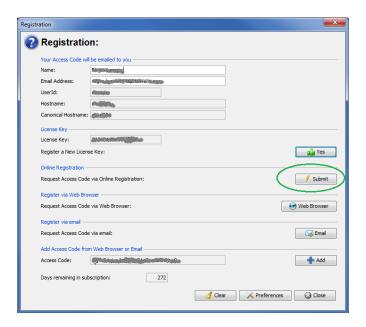
• Click the **Yes** button to input your license key



• Input the new license key and then click the **OK** button



• Next, click the **Submit** button to get your Access Code.



Note: A license key can ONLY be registered once.

#### 2.6 Enterprise License File

This section will describe how to handle the storing of an Enterprise License file.

Note: This section is only applicable to those customers who have purchased an Enterprise License for MQTT Message Viewer.

Upon the purchase or renewal of an Enterprise License for MQTT Message Viewer, the customer will be emailed both the Enterprise License key and the Enterprise License file. Enterprise License file is called 'mtmv.license.properties'. Do not rename the Enterprise License file or modify its contents.

MQTT Message Viewer is supported on Windows, macOS and Linux. The Enterprise License file is designed to be deployed to any and all of those platforms.

MQTT Message Viewer will look for the Enterprise License file in 1 of 3 directories:

- 1. The user's settings directory '{home directory}\Capitalware\':
  - On Windows: C:\Users\{UserId}\Capitalware\
  - On macOS: /Users/{UserId}/Capitalware/
  - On Linux: /home/{UserId}/Capitalware/
- 2. The user's '{home directory}\':
  - On Windows: C:\Users\{UserId}\
  - On macOS: /Users/{UserId}/
  - On Linux: /home/{UserId}/
- 3. The MQTT Message Viewer install directory:
  - On Windows: *C:\Users\{UserId}\Capitalware\MTMV\*
  - o On macOS: not applicable
  - On Linux: /apps/Capitalware/MTMV/

Capitalware recommends putting the Enterprise License file in the user's settings directory (option #1).

# 3 Managing Groups

This chapter will describe how to add, rename and delete a Group.

## 3.1 Adding a Group

This section will describe how to add a Group to MQTT Message Viewer. A Group will hold 1 or more MQTT Broker Profiles. The Group name can be any name the user wishes.

From the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select File then Add Group...:

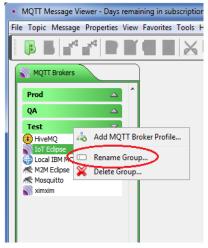


After the user inputs a name, click the **OK** button to create the new group.

## 3.2 Renaming a Group

This section will describe how to rename a Group in MQTT Message Viewer.

In the MQTT Brokers' dock, right click on the group name to be renamed, then select **Rename Group...**:



Input a new group name then click the **OK** button:



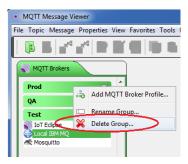
## 3.3 Deleting a Group

This section will describe how to delete a Group from MQTT Message Viewer.

Note: If the user deletes a group containing MQTT Broker Profiles then when the group is deleted, those MQTT Broker Profiles will be moved to the default group called '[default]'. MQTT Message Viewer will not delete the MQTT Broker Profiles.

In the MQTT Brokers' dock, right click on the group name to be renamed, then select **Delete** 

Group...:



Click the Yes button to confirm the deletion of the group.



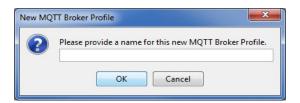
# 4 Connecting to a MQTT Broker

This chapter will describe how to create, update, test and delete a MQTT Broker Profile.

## 4.1 Adding a MQTT Broker Profile

This section will describe how to add a MQTT Broker Profile so that you can connect to a local or remote MQTT Broker.

From the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select **File** then **Add MQTT Broker Profile** or the user can right click on a group name in the MQTT Broker dock and select **Add MQTT Broker Profile**:

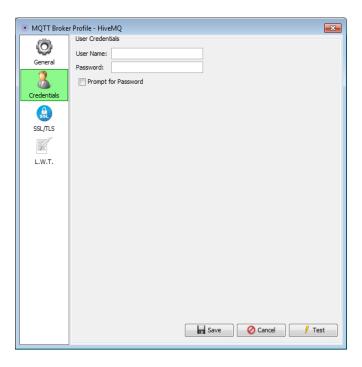


You will be prompted to provide a name for the new MQTT Broker Profile. It is suggested that you provide a meaningful name that describes the MQTT Broker and its location. Note: Do not use semi-colons ";" in the name.



If the MQTT Broker is **local** to where you are running MQTT Message Viewer then all you need to specify is the MQTT Broker.

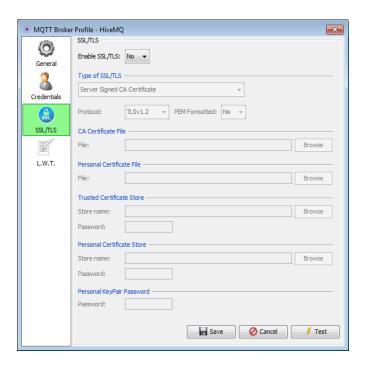
Type in your valid UserId (and Password where authentication is required) for the MQTT Broker that you are connecting to.



For MQTT Brokers that perform authentication, the user may wish to be prompted for the password rather than have MQTT Message Viewer save it. Click the 'Prompt for Password' checkbox to have MQTT Message Viewer prompt the user for their password for the remote system.

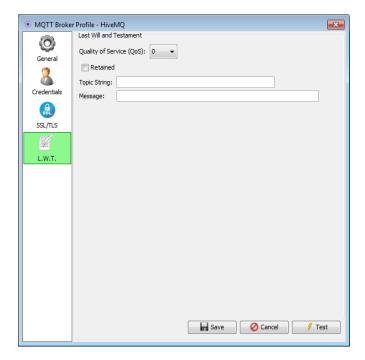
### Optional:

For those companies that use SSL/TLS to allow mq client applications to connect to their MQTT Brokers, the user will need to fill in the SSL/TLS fields.



#### **Optional:**

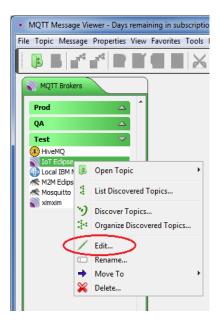
The 'Last Will and Testament' can be set for those connections that require it.



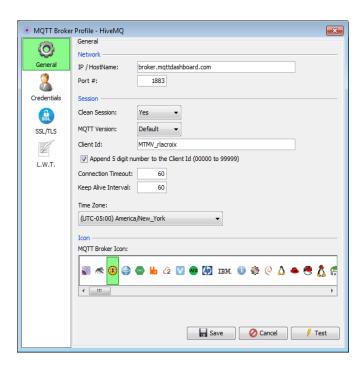
# 4.2 Editing a MQTT Broker Profile

This section will describe how to edit a MQTT Broker Profile so that you can connect to a local or remote MQTT Broker.

Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select Edit:



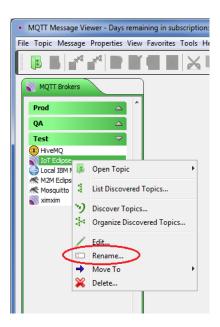
The MQTT Broker Profile will be presented where the user can modify/update the fields and when done click the **OK** button to save the information.



# 4.3 Renaming a MQTT Broker Profile

This section will describe how to rename a MQTT Broker Profile.

Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select **Rename**:



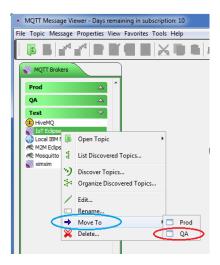
Input a new name for the MQTT Broker Profile then click the **OK** button.



# 4.4 Move a MQTT Broker Profile to Another Group

This section will describe how to move a MQTT Broker Profile to another group.

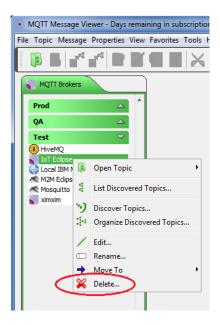
Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select **Move To**. A list of available groups will be displayed and the user simply selects the appropriate group.



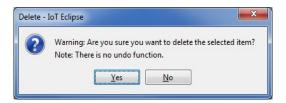
# 4.5 Deleting a MQTT Broker Profile

This section will describe how to delete a MQTT Broker Profile.

Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select **Delete**:



Click the Yes button to confirm the deletion of the MQTT Broker Profile.



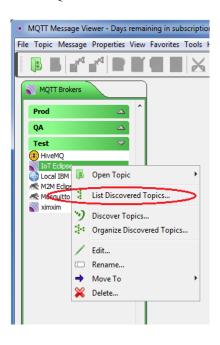
# 5 Managing a Topic

This chapter will describe the process of selecting, opening and managing a MQTT topic.

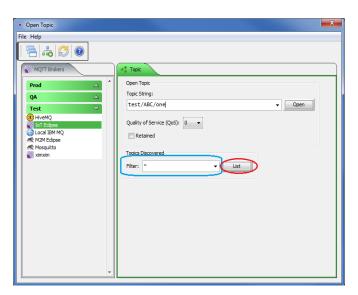
## 5.1 Retrieving a List of 'Discovered' Topics

This section will describe how to retrieve a list of discovered topics from an MQTT Broker.

Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select List Discovered Topics:



Or the user can do the following, from the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Topic**, select **Open Topic** and then click the **List** button. On the Open Topic panel, select the MQTT Broker Profile that you want to use.



Now select the List button to retrieve a list of discovered topics for this particular MQTT Broker.

For MQTT Broker with hundreds or thousands of topics, you can filter the topic list returned to the user by specifying a filter value. xyz\* will return only those topic names that begin with "xyz" i.e.

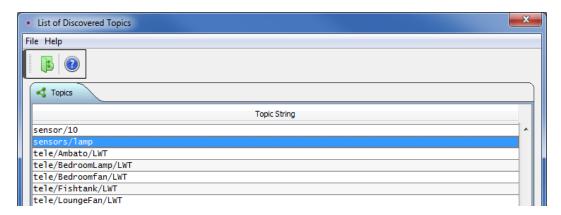
xyz/payroll/cutoff xyz/supply/chain

The user can also combine filters together. Use a semi-colon (;) to separate each mask. i.e.

abc\*;xyz\*;test\*

Hence, only topics that begin with 'abc', 'xyz' and/or 'test' will be shown.

Double-click on an item in the list to select a topic string that you wish to interact with.



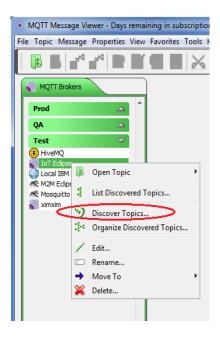
There are 3 options the user can select:

- Double-click to select a topic string and return to the Open Topic window.
- Open Opens 1 or more topics and leaves the 'List of Discovered Topics' window open.
- Close Closes the 'List of Discovered Topics' window.

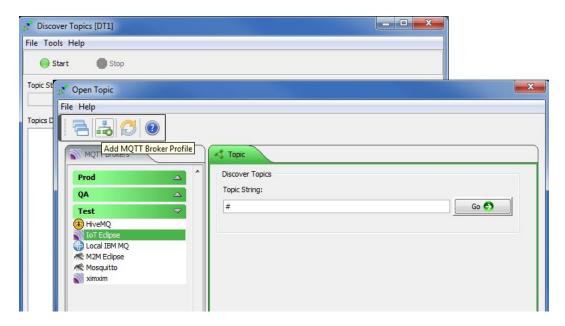
## **5.2 Discover Topics**

This section will describe how to discover topics from an MQTT Broker.

Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select **Discover Topics**:

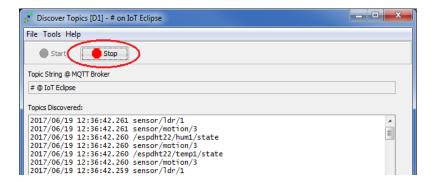


Or the user can do the following, from the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Topic** then select **Discover Topics** to open the Discover Topics window.

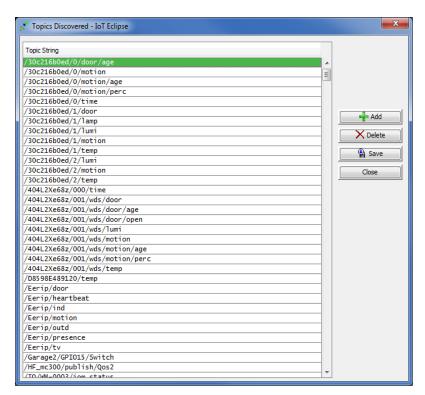


Now click the **Go** button and the Discover Topics will gather any and all topics that messages arrive on.

After a reason period of time has passed, and Discover Topics window has gathered a large selection of topics, click the **Stop** button.



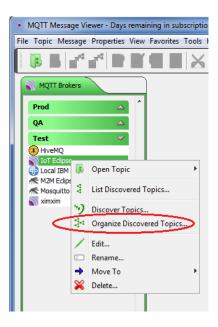
The user will now be presented with the Topics Discovered window that allows the user to add and/or delete topic strings from the list. Once the user is happy with the list, they may save it the database.



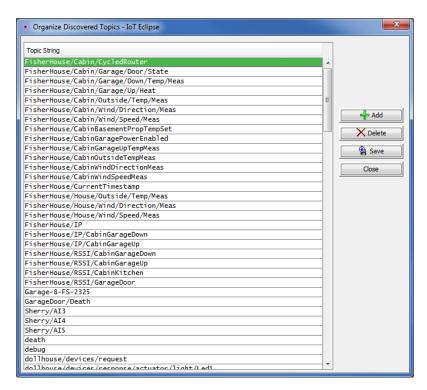
## 5.3 Organize Discovered Topics

This section will describe how to discover topics from an MQTT Broker.

Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select **Discover Topics**:



Or the user can do the following, from the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Topic** then select **Organize Discovered Topics** to open the Organize Discovered Topics window.



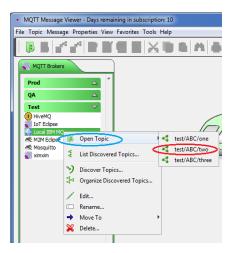
The Organize Topics Discovered window that allows the user to add and/or delete topic strings from the list. Once the user is happy with the list, they may save it the database.

## 5.4 Opening a Topic

This section will describe how to open topic of a local or remote MQTT Broker.

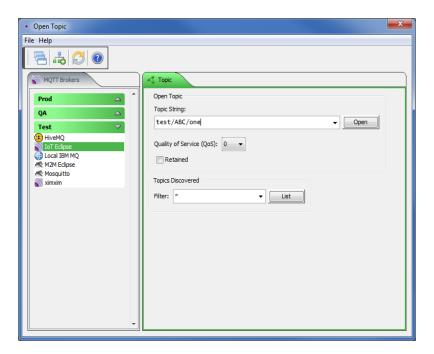
Right click on the MQTT Broker in the 'MQTT Broker' dock and select Open Topic then select the

topic name from the list:



or from the main menu of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Topic** then **Open Topic**. On the Open Topic panel, select the MQTT Broker Profile that you want to use.

The following is the Open Topic Dialog panel:



There are 2 ways to input a topic name:

- 1. Type a topic name into the **Topic String** field (e.g. test/ABC/one ) and click the **Open** button.
- 2. Use the drop-down box to select a previously inputted topic name.

There are 2 types of options that you can selected:

- Quality of Service (QoS) this option sets the level of agreement between sender and receiver of a message regarding the guarantees of delivering a message. There are 3 QoS levels: 0, 1 and 2.
  - $\circ$  0 at most once
  - o 1 at least once
  - o 2 exactly once
- Retained this options sets the retained flag to true for an MQTT message. The broker will store the last retained message and the corresponding QoS for that topic.

Now that you have selected a MQTT Broker Profile and filled in the Topic Name field, select the Open button to open the topic.

If you typed *test/ABC/one* then main panel may look something like:



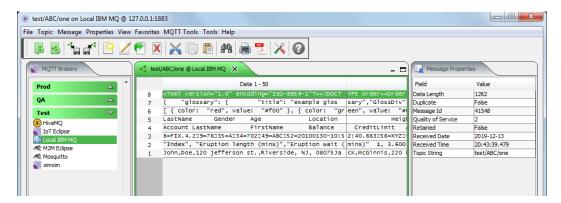
You can open a second, third, etc... by selecting **Topic** then **Open Topic**. On the Open Topic panel, select the MQTT Broker Profile and topic that you would like to open.

Note: The topic displayed will be automatically updated as new topic messages arrive.

## 5.5 Closing a Topic

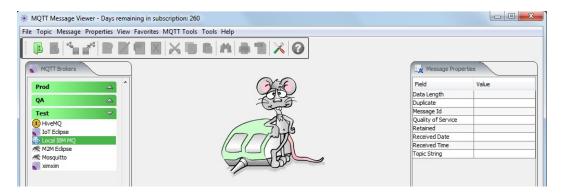
This section will describe how to close an open topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Topic**, then **Close Topic**.

Performing the Close topic option, disconnects from the MQTT Broker and clears the main panel display.

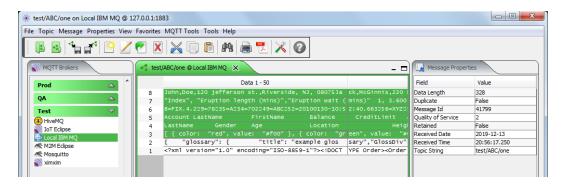


If the user has one or more topics open, then a quick and convenient way to close all of the topics is to select **Topic**, then **Close All Topics**.

# 5.6 Backing up a Topic

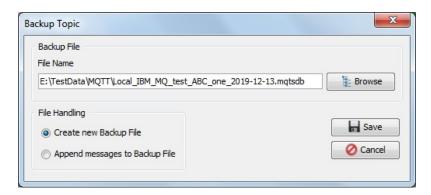
This section will describe how to backup all or selected messages in a topic including the Message Properties and the message data to a Backup file.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



First, select one or more messages in the topic, then from the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Topic**, then **Backup Topic**.

The user can select the type of Backup file, the directory and/or filename and whether the messages should be appended or a new file is to be created.



To change the directory, click the *Browse* button and then select a new directory and the name of file then click **Save**.



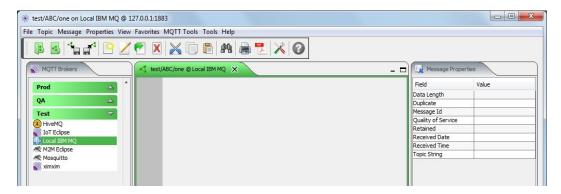
When the selected messages have been successfully backed up, you will be notified.



# 5.7 Restoring a Topic

This section will describe how to restore messages to a topic from a Backup file.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:

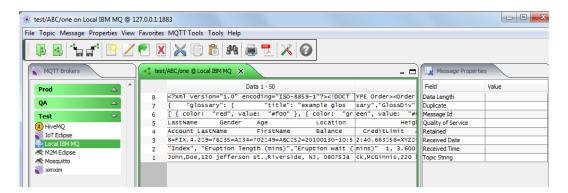


From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Topic, then Restore Topic.

Select the directory and a MQT Backup File then click **Open**.



After the Restore action has been performed, the main panel may look something like:



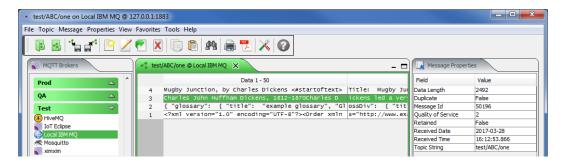
# 6 Manipulating the Messages

This chapter will describe the process of selecting, opening and managing a IBM MQ topic.

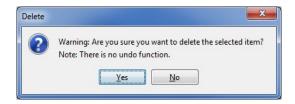
## 6.1 Cut a Message

This section will describe how to cut a message from the topic and store it in the system clipboard.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Cut Message.



Click Yes if you are sure that you want the message to be removed from the table.

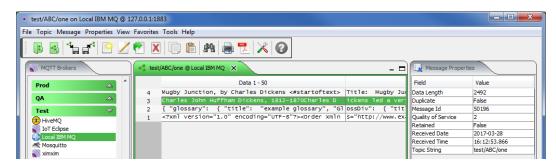
Note: There is no undo function for the remove message option.



# 6.2 Copy a Message

This section will describe how to copy a message from the topic and store it in the system clipboard.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Copy Message.

There will be no change to the main panel. The copy action copies the message contents to the system clipboard.

## 6.3 Paste a Message

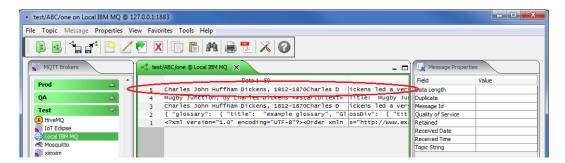
This section will describe how to paste a message from the system clipboard to the opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Paste Message.

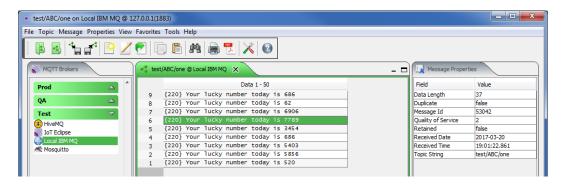
The main panel is updated with the message pasted from the system clipboard.



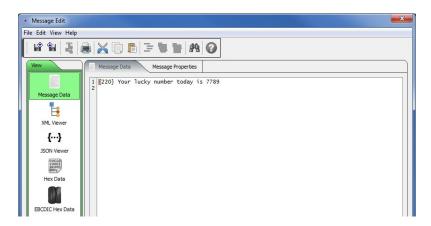
## 6.4 Edit a Message

This section will describe how to edit a message in the opened topic.

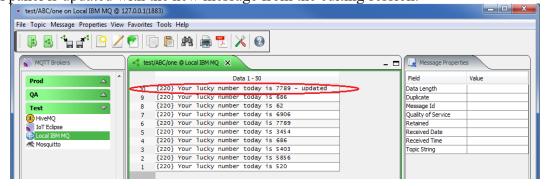
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message.



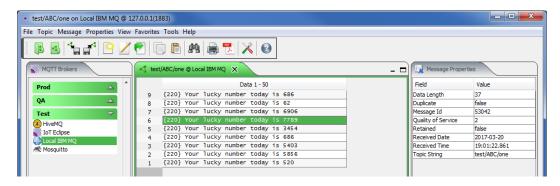
You can now edit, updated or delete sections of the message text. Clicking the **Save** button will put the new updated message to the topic. From the Message Edit panel, the user can select to save the contents to a file or load data from a file. Click the **Load** button to load data from a file or click the **Save** button to save the message data to a file. For more information about the features / functions for the Message Edit window, go to the Message Edit section in Chapter 7.



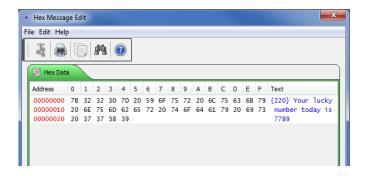
## 6.5 Edit a Message in Hex

This section will describe how to edit a message in Hex from the opened topic.

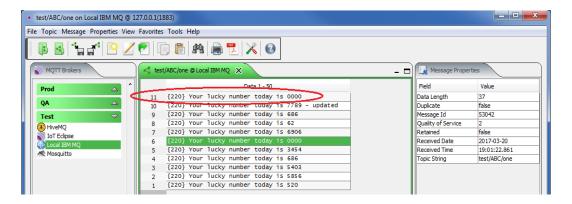
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message in Hex.



You can now edit in hex sections of the message text. Clicking the Save button will put the new updated message to the topic.



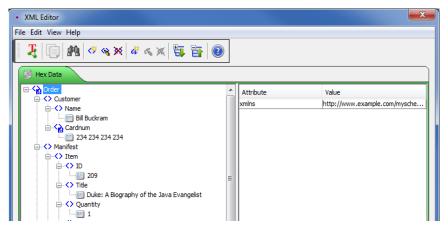
## 6.6 Edit a Message with XML Editor

This section will describe how to edit a message with the XML Editor from the opened topic.

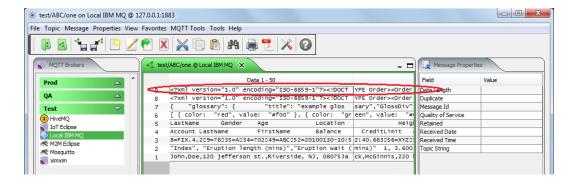
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Message**, then **Edit Message with XML Editor**.



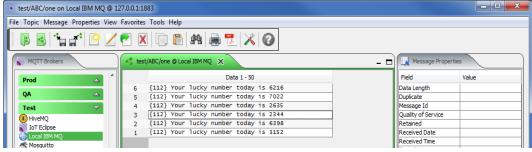
You can now edit the message using the XML Editor. Clicking File then Save to Topic button will put the new updated message into the topic.



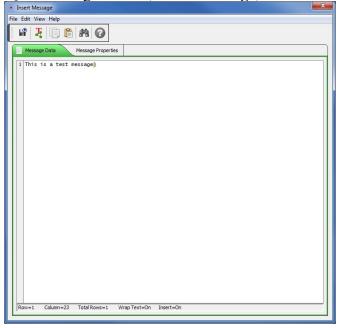
## 6.7 Insert a Message

This section will describe how to insert a message into an opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:

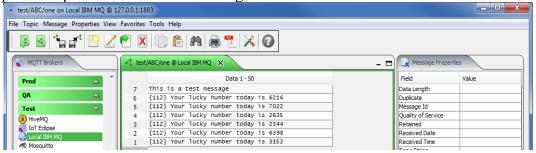


From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Insert Message.



The Insert Message Wizard is designed to help the user quickly create an MQTT message formats. The user can alter the contains of the Message Properties. Click **File** -> **Save to Topic** to save the message to the topic.

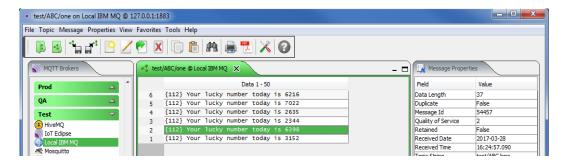
The main panel is updated with the new message.



# 6.8 Duplicate a Message

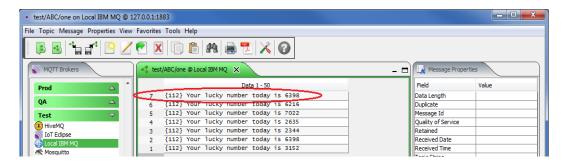
This section will describe how to duplicate a message in the opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Duplicate Message.

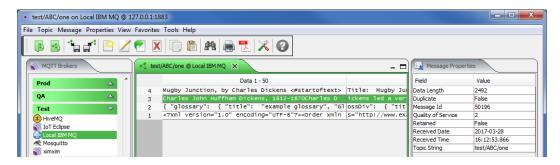
The main panel will be updated with the newly inserted message.



# 6.9 Forward a Message

This section will describe how to forward a message from an opened topic.

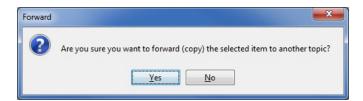
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Forward Message.



Now specify a destination topic name and then click the **Ok** button



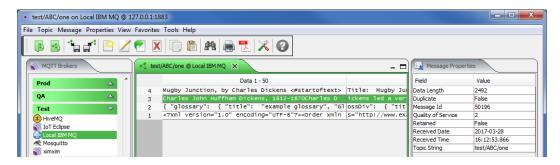
Click **Yes** if you are sure that you want the message to be forwarded.

Note: There is no undo function for the forward message option.

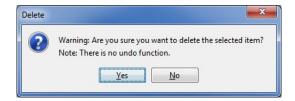
## 6.10 Delete a Message

This section will describe how to remove a message from the displayed table of an opened topic.

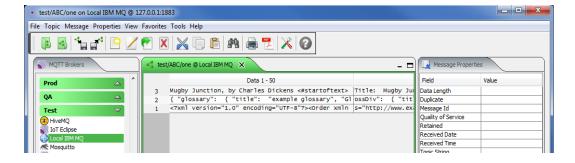
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Delete Message.



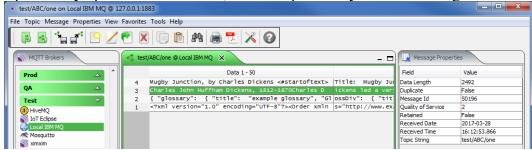
Click **Yes** if you are sure that you want the message to be removed from the table. Note: There is no undo function for the remove message option.



# 6.11 Compare a Message to a File

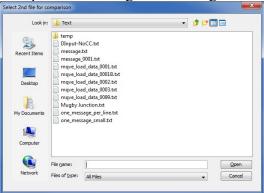
This section will describe how to compare the contents of a message to file.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:

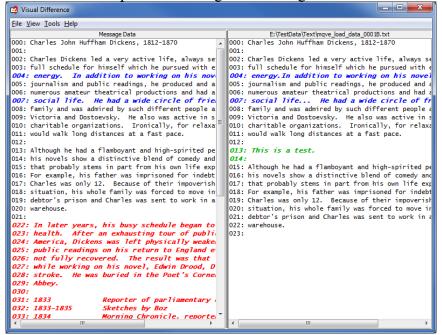


From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Compare a Message to a File.

The user now selects the file to compare the message contents against.



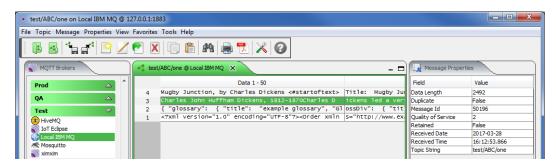
The user now selects the file to compare the message contents against.



# 6.12 Printing a Message

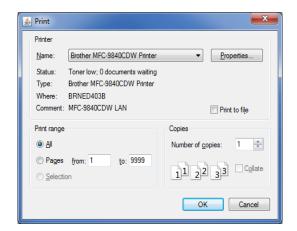
This section will describe how to print a message to a printer from an opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Print Message.

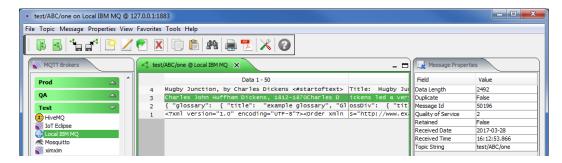
The user now selects the printer to print the message on.



## 6.13 Generate Report

This section will describe how to generate a report (PDF, RTF or HTML) from the selected messages.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:

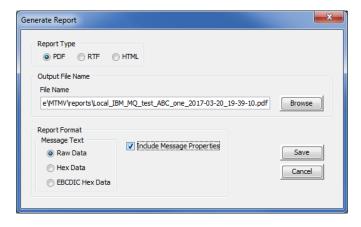


From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Generate Report.

The user now selects how the messages are to be generated into the report:

- The user may use the **Browse** button to select the directory and file name to be used for the report file.
- The user can select **PDF** or **RTF** or **HTML** for the report type.
- The user can select **Raw Data** or **Hex Data** or **EBCDIC Hex** for how the message data will be formatted in the report.

The user can select to include the message's Message Properties in the report. Click **Save** to generate the report.



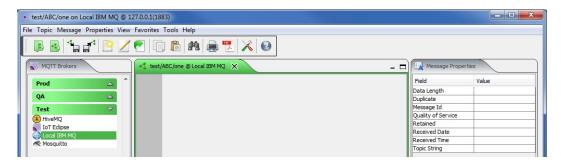
Click Ok



## 6.14 Importing Files

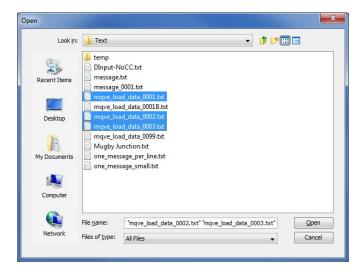
This section will describe how to import one or more files as message into an opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Insert File.

Now select one or more files or change directories to locate the files and then click **Open** Note: You can select more than one file in this dialog box. Use either the **Shift** or **Ctl** keys when selecting the files.

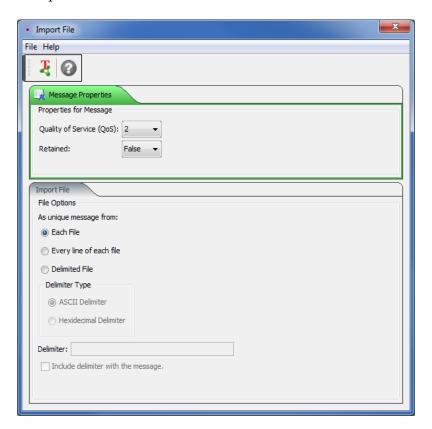


The Import File Wizard is designed to help the user quickly create an MQTT message. The user can also alter the contains of the Message Properties.

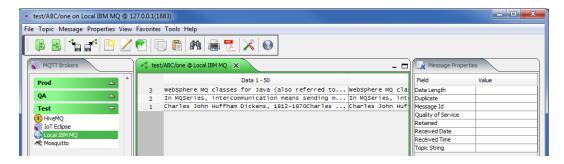
There are 3 file options when importing files:

- Each file as a message
- Every line of each file a message will be created for each line (record) in every individual file
- Delimited File the file will be parsed, based on the delimiter, into sections and each parsed section will be a message.

Note: The Import File Wizard will put all messages to the topic using the MQTT message format that the user creates in this step.



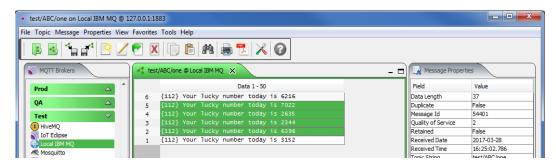
The main panel is updated with the 3 new messages.



## 6.15 Exporting Messages

This section will describe how to export a message to a file from an opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Export Message.

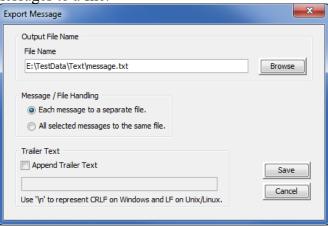
The user now selects how the messages are to be outputted to a file:

- Select Each message to a separate file for separate files for each message in the topic.
- Select **All selected messages to the same file** for 1 (one) output file. The single file will contain all selected messages that will be exported.

#### **Trailor Text**

• Select **Append Trailer Text** to add user defined text to the end of each message as it is saved to the file. Use "\n" to represent CRLF on Windows and LF on Unix/Linux.

The user may use the **Browse** button to select the directory and file name to be used for the exporting. Click **Save** to export the messages to a file.

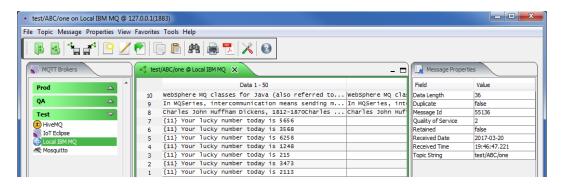


Click Ok.

### 6.16 Find

This section will describe how to use the Find feature. The Find function allows the user to search the messages of the topic for a particular text string.

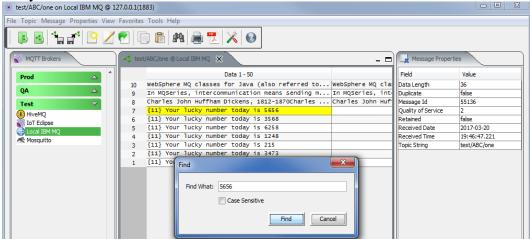
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Find.



After clicking **Find**, if a match is found, the table cell containing the matching string will be highlighted in yellow.



When you are done searching, click the **Cancel** button. The row containing the last matching search string will be highlighted.

Bottom of queue reached. Search string not found.

OK

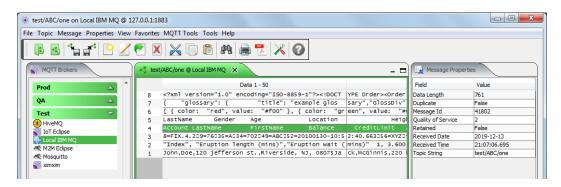
# 7 Message Edit

This chapter will describe the various docks of the Message Edit window.

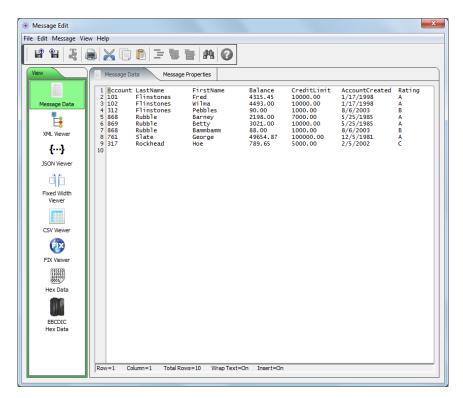
# 7.1 Message Data Dock

This section will describe how to edit a message in the opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message.



You can now edit, updated or delete sections of the message text. Clicking the **File** -> **Save to Topic** will put the new updated message to the topic.

The following are the dropdown menus that currently exist for the Message Edit Window.

#### Under File:

- Load from File Allows the user to load (import) the contains of a text file into the current message text.
- Save to File Allows the user to save the message content to a plain text file.
- Save to Topic Allows the user to save the message to the topic (use this function after a change or update to the message content and/or the Message Properties.)
- Print Message Allows the user to print the message
- Close Allows the user to discard the Message Edit window and return to the main window.

#### Under Edit:

- Cut Allows user to cut part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Copy Allows user to copy part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Paste Allows user to paste from the system's clipboard into the message content.
- Find Provides the user with the ability to search the message content for a specific string.
- **Replace** Provides the user with the ability to search the message content for a specific string and replace the string with another string.

#### Under View:

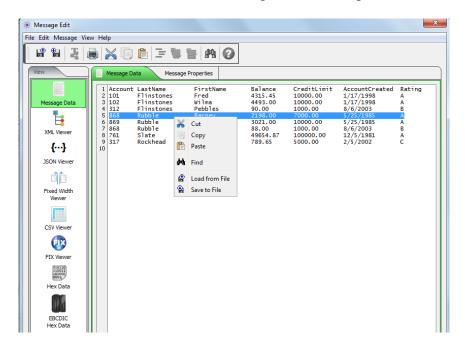
- Wrap Text Allows the user to toggle the message content's display between wrapped and unwrapped text.
- Select All Allows the user to quickly select all of the message's content.
- Unselect All Turns the selection off (if on) and sets the cursor to column 1 of row 1.

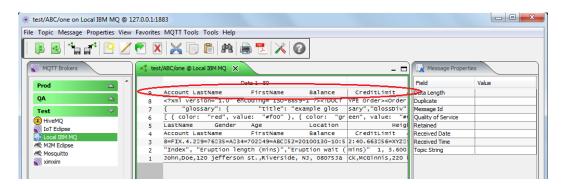
### Under **Help**:

• Help - Allows the user to display the MQTT Message Viewer User Guide.

In the message content window of the Message Data dock, if the user performs a right-mouse click then a popup window will be displayed. The user will be able to do the following:

- Cut Allows user to cut part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Copy Allows user to copy part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Paste Allows user to paste from the system's clipboard into the message content.
- Find Provides the user with the ability to search the message content for a specific string.
- Load from File Allows the user to load (import) the contains of a text file into the current message text.
- Save to File Allows the user to save the message content to a plain text file.

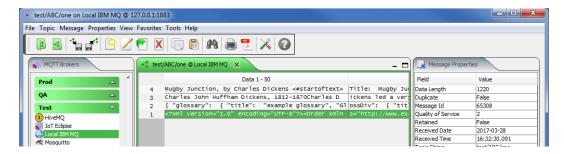




### 7.2 XML Viewer Dock

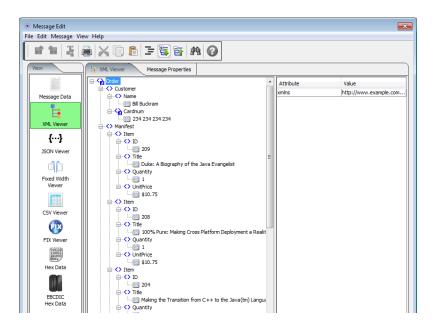
This section will describe how to edit a message in the opened topic. If the data is well formed XML then the XML Viewer will be able to display it.

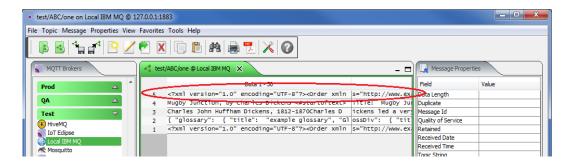
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message.

The XML data is shown in a tree view. The user can expand any entry they wish to. This will allow them to view attributes, nodes and data with the XML data. Clicking the **Save** button will put the new updated message into the topic.

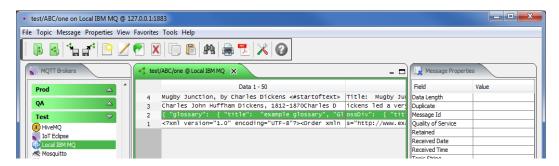




### 7.3 JSON Viewer Dock

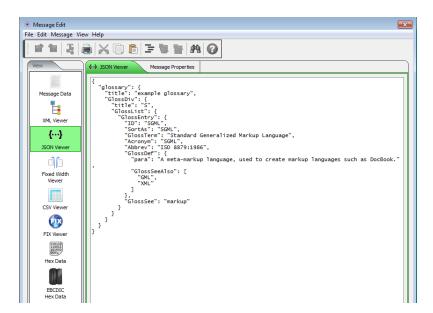
This section will describe how to edit a message in the opened topic. If the data is well formed JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) data then the JSON Viewer will be able to display it.

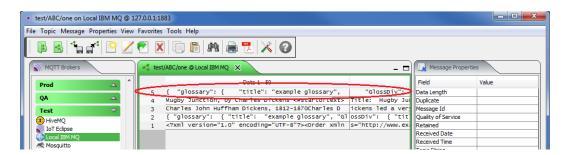
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message.

The JSON data is shown in a tree view. Clicking the **Save** button will put the new updated message into the topic.

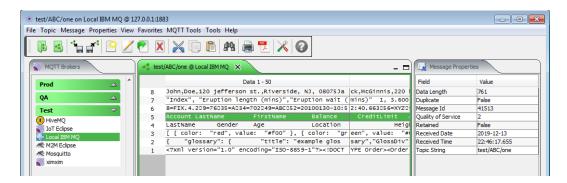




### 7.4 Fixed Width Viewer Dock

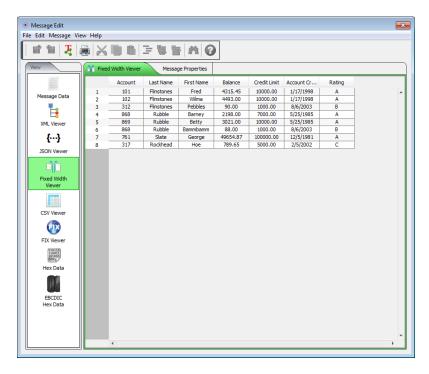
This section will describe how to view a message in the opened queue. If a Fixed Width format has been created then data can be formatted using it.

If you have previously opened TEST.Q1, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Message**, then **Edit Message** then click the *Fixed Width Viewer* button.

If there is a Fixed Width user format defined for the opened queue then MQTT Message Viewer will automatically use it when the *Fixed Width Viewer* dock button is clicked.

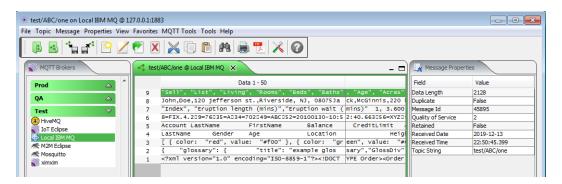


If there is no Fixed Width user format defined for the opened queue then the user can manually select one of the Fixed Width user formats by clicking *Message -> Apply Format -> XXXX* where XXXX is one of the Fixed Width user formats.

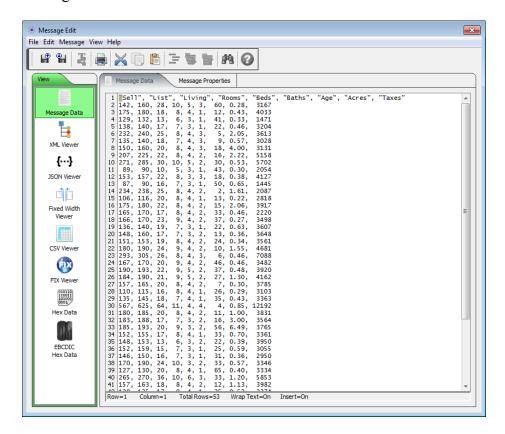
### 7.5 CSV Viewer Dock

This section will describe how to view a message in the opened queue. The data can be viewed with or without a CSV format.

If you have previously opened TEST.Q1, the main panel may look something like:

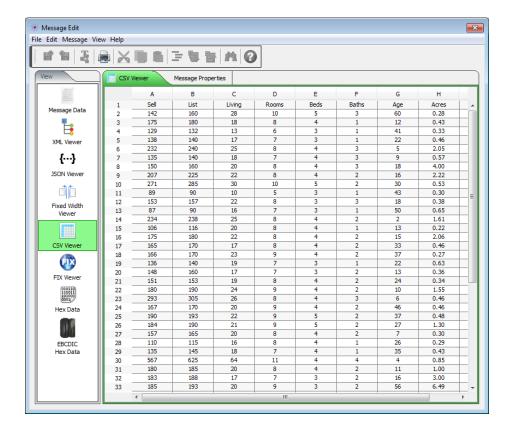


From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Message**, then **Edit Message** to open the message in the Message Edit window.



Click the *CSV Viewer* button to view the message in the CSV Viewer.

If there is a CSV user format defined for the opened queue then MQTT Message Viewer will automatically use it when the *CSV Viewer* dock button is clicked.



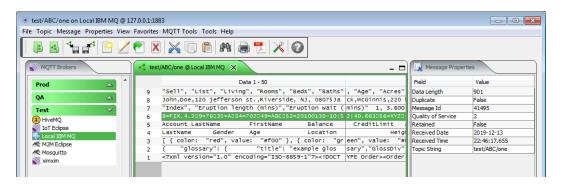
Note: If a CSV format is not being used and the first row of data contains the header row, then click *View - > Use first row for column names* menu item to display it.

If there is no CSV user format defined for the opened queue then the user can manually select one of the CSV user formats by clicking *Message - > Apply Format - > XXXX* where XXXX is one of the CSV user formats.

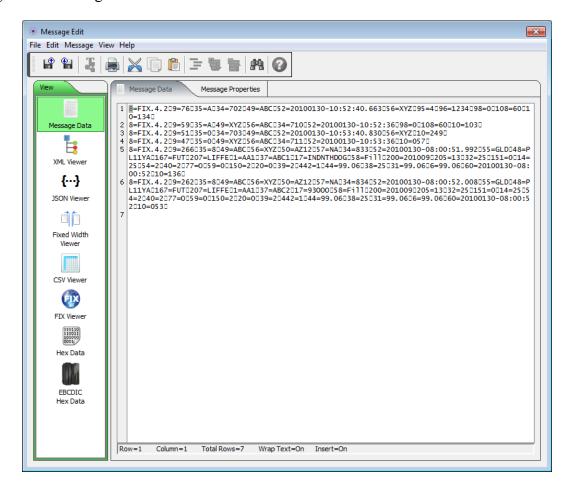
### 7.6 FIX Viewer Dock

This section will describe how to view a message in the opened queue. The data can be viewed with or without a FIX format.

If you have previously opened TEST.Q1, the main panel may look something like:

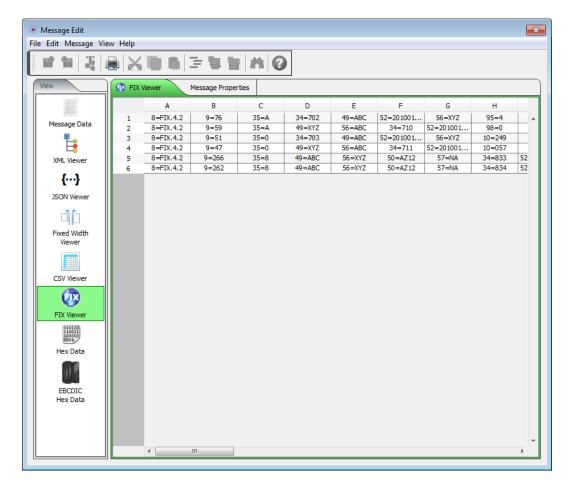


From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Message**, then **Edit Message** to open the message in the Message Edit window.



Click the *FIX Viewer* button to view the message in the FIX Viewer.

If there is a FIX user format defined for the opened queue then MQTT Message Viewer will automatically use it when the *FIX Viewer* dock button is clicked.



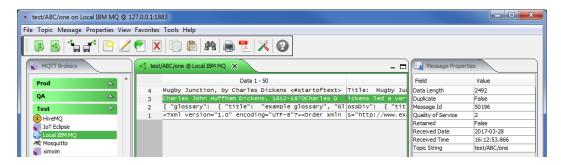
Note: If a FIX format is not being used and the first row of data contains the header row, then click *View - > Use first row for column names* menu item to display it.

If there is no FIX user format defined for the opened queue then the user can manually select one of the FIX user formats by clicking *Message -> Apply Format -> XXXX* where XXXX is one of the FIX user formats.

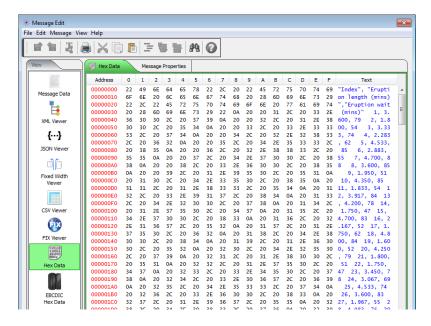
### 7.7 Hex Data Dock

This section will describe how to edit a message in the opened topic.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message.



In the columns of 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,A,B,C,D,E,F, you can alter the message content by using hexadecimal values. Clicking the **Save** button will put the new updated message into the topic.

#### Under File:

- Save to Topic Allows the user to save the message back to the topic (use this function after a change or update to the message content and/or the Message Properties.)
- **Print Message** Allows the user to print the message.

#### Under Edit:

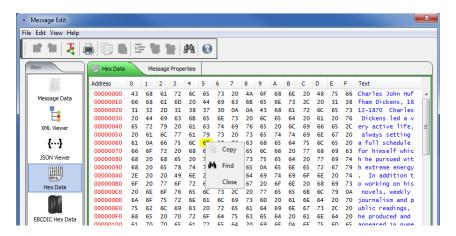
- Copy Allows user to copy part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Find Provides the user with the ability to search the message content for a specific string.

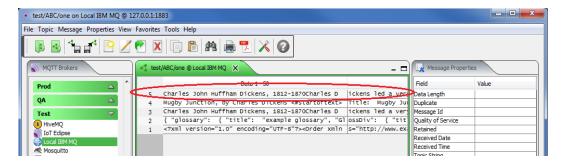
#### Under **Help**:

• **Help** - Allows the user to display the help files.

In the Hex Data tab, if the user performs a right-mouse click then a popup window will be displayed. The user will be able to do the following:

- Copy Allows user to copy part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Find Provides the user with the ability to search the message content for a specific string.
- Close Close the Message Edit window.

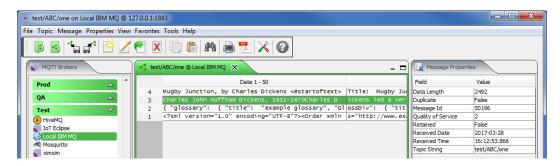




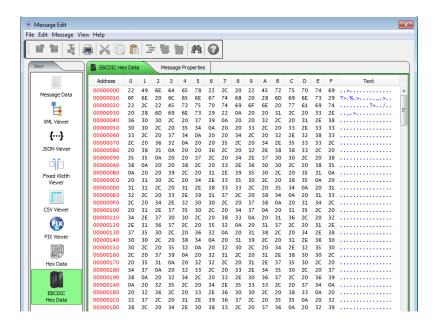
### 7.8 EBCDIC Hex Data Dock

This section will describe how to edit a message in the opened topic. Use this tab when the data is in EBCDIC format.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message.



In the columns of 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,A,B,C,D,E,F, you can alter the message content by using hexadecimal values. Clicking the **Save** button will put the new updated message into the topic.

#### Under File:

- Save to Topic Allows the user to save the message back to the topic (use this function after a change or update to the message content and/or the Message Properties.)
- Print Message Allows the user to print the message.

#### Under Edit:

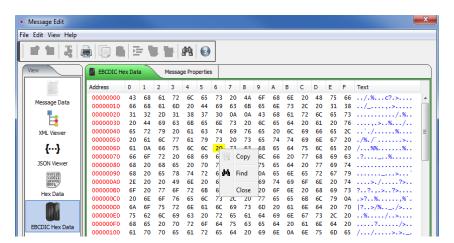
- Copy Allows user to copy part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Find Provides the user with the ability to search the message content for a specific string.

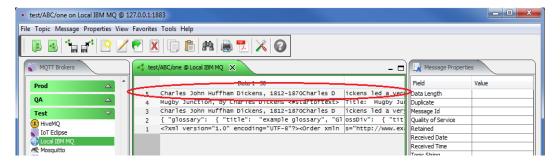
#### Under Help:

• **Help** - Allows the user to display the help files.

In the Hex Data tab, if the user performs a right-mouse click then a popup window will be displayed. The user will be able to do the following:

- Copy Allows user to copy part or all of the message content to the system's clipboard.
- Find Provides the user with the ability to search the message content for a specific string.
- Close Close the Message Edit window.

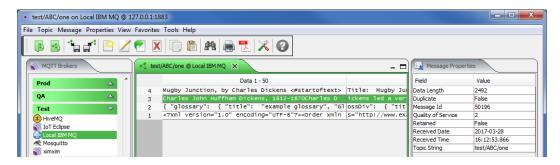




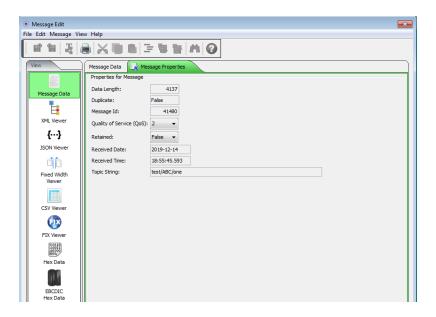
## 7.9 Message Properties Dock

This section will describe how to edit a message in the opened topic.

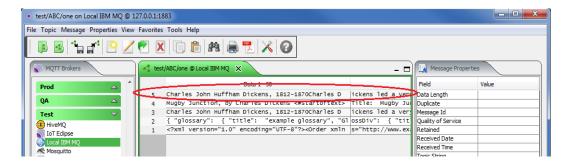
If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Message, then Edit Message.



The user may alter any value on any of the Message Properties dock. For more information about editing the Message Properties, go to chapter 8. Clicking the **Save** button will put the new updated message into the topic.



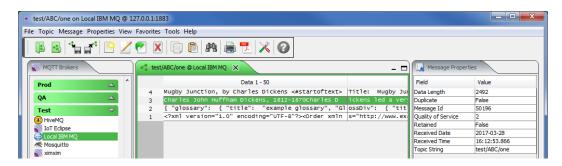
# 8 Message Properties

This chapter will describe how to edit, display, hide or customize the fields of the Message Properties. The user can select to edit only the Message Properties of a message.

## 8.1 Edit Message Properties

This section will describe how to edit message's Message Properties..

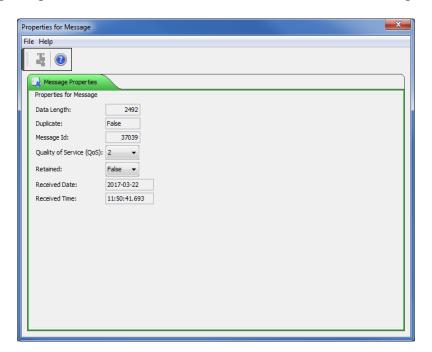
If you have previously opened the topic *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Properties, then Edit Properties.

### 8.1.1 Message Properties

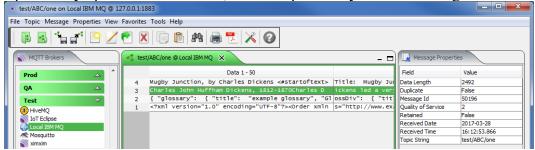
Only 2 fields are editable on the panel: *Retained* and *Quality of Service*. When the user is done editing the Message Properties attributes, click the **Save** button to save the message and it's attributes.



## 8.2 Show Message Properties

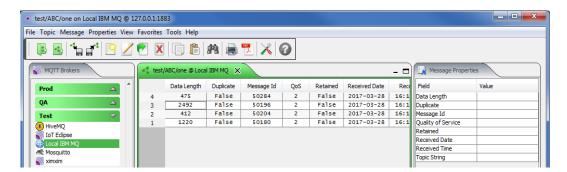
This section will describe how to show (turn on) the columns with the Message Properties data.

If you have previously opened *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Properties**, then **Show Message Properties** Columns.

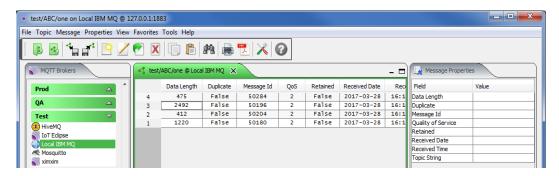
The Message Properties is contained within 8 columns. The Message Properties columns have been inserted to be the first 8 columns displayed to the user. Note: Side the horizontal scroll bar to see your data.



## 8.3 Hide Message Properties

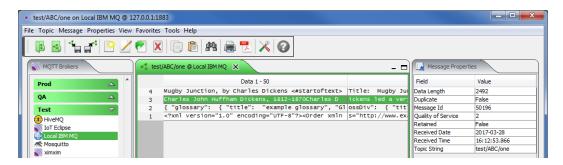
This section will describe how to hide (turn off the columns) with the Message Properties data.

If you have previously opened the topic *test/ABC/one* showing the Message Properties data, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Properties**, then **Hide Message Properties** Columns.

The main panel main panel may look something like:



## 8.4 Choose Message Properties Columns

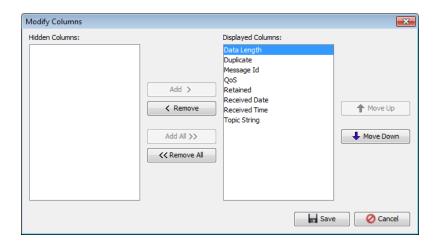
This section will describe how to choose the Message Properties columns that will be displayed to the user.

If you have previously opened the topic *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Properties, then Choose Columns.

The Modify Columns dialog box will be displayed. Select items in either the left or right panels to enable the selection of the column names.



Click the **Save** button to save the updated column information.

## 9 User Formats

This chapter will describe how to create, update and delete user defined formats. User formats allows the end-user to define formats for user specific data. Currently, MQTT Message Viewer supports 3 different types of user formats:

- Fixed Width format
- CSV (Comma Separated Value) format
- FIX (Financial Information eXchange) format

There are 2 ways to access the user formats in MQTT Message Viewer:

- On the main window, click *Message -> User Formats*
- On the edit window, click *Message -> User Formats*

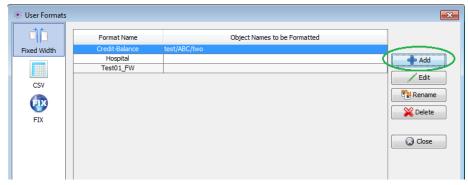
## 9.1 Fixed Width Format

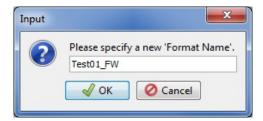
This section will describe how to add, edit and delete Fixed Width formats.

#### 9.1.1 Add a Fixed Width Format

This section will describe how to add a Fixed Width format.

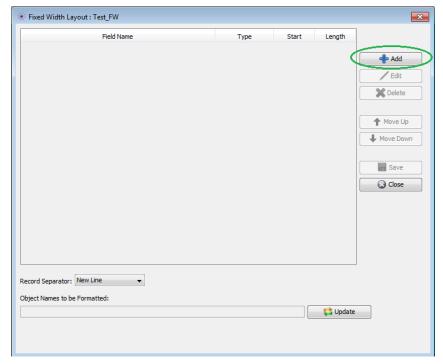
First, click the *Add* button, input a unique name for this new Fixed Width Format and click the *OK* button.



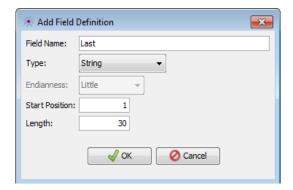


#### 9.1.1.1 Field Definition

Next, on the Fixed Width Layout window, the user can add fields to the layout format by clicking the *Add* button.



Input a name for the field, select the type of data that is represented by this field, the start position and the length of the field then click the *OK* button.



Note: For type do not select Integer, Long or Short if the data is NOT in binary format representation of the field. Also, the Endianess applies to Integer, Long and Short binary fields on how the binary data is laid out.

## 9.1.1.2 Record Separator

The *Record Separator* states how each row is laid out in the message data. The default is "New Line". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

### 9.1.1.3 Object Names to be formatted

The *Object Names to be formatted* is a list of queues and topics that the format will be automatically applied to when the user clicks the Fixed Width Viewer in the Edit Message Window. This parameter is optional.

The *Object Names to be formatted* can be the fully qualified queue or topic name or it can be a regular expression pattern.

In the regular expression pattern:

- '\*' matches any sequence of characters (zero or more)
- '?' matches any single character
- '#' matches any single numeric digit (0-9)
- '@' matches any single alphabetic character (A-Z, a-z)
- [SET] matches any of the characters in the specified set
- [!SET] or [^SET] matches any character except those specified in the set (negation).

A SET can be composed of characters or ranges. A range is in the form: 'character – character' (i.e. 0-9 or A-Z). Although this is the simplest range allowed in the [] pattern, more complex inclusive ranges such as [0-9a-zA-Z] are allowed. [0-9a-zA-Z] specifies that the character can be 0 through 9 or a through z or A through Z. Other characters are allowed (ie. 8 bit characters) if your system supports them.

In order to suppress the special syntactic significance of any of these characters '[] \* ? # @ !  $^-$  \', a backslash ('\') must precede the special character.

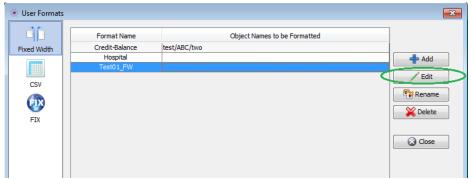
## 9.1.1.4 Saving Format

When you are done inputting fields, click the *Save* button to the new layout to the database.

#### 9.1.2 Edit a Fixed Width Format

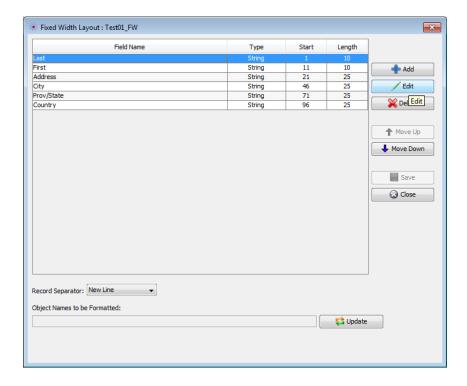
This section will describe how to edit a Fixed Width format.

Click the *Edit* button (or double left click on the format name) to open the Fixed Width Layout window.



#### 9.1.2.1 Field Definition

On the Fixed Width Layout window, the user can add, edit or delete fields of the layout format.



### 9.1.2.2 Record Separator

The *Record Separator* states how each row is laid out in the message data. The default is "New Line". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

### 9.1.2.3 Object Names to be formatted

The *Object Names to be formatted* is a list of queues and topics that the format will be automatically applied to when the user clicks the Fixed Width Viewer in the Edit Message Window. This parameter is optional.

The *Object Names to be formatted* can be the fully qualified queue or topic name or it can be a regular expression pattern.

In the regular expression pattern:

- '\*' matches any sequence of characters (zero or more)
- '?' matches any single character
- '#' matches any single numeric digit (0-9)
- '@' matches any single alphabetic character (A-Z, a-z)
- [SET] matches any of the characters in the specified set
- [!SET] or [^SET] matches any character except those specified in the set (negation).

A SET can be composed of characters or ranges. A range is in the form: 'character – character' (i.e. 0-9 or A-Z). Although this is the simplest range allowed in the [] pattern, more complex inclusive ranges such as [0-9a-zA-Z] are allowed. [0-9a-zA-Z] specifies that the character can be 0 through 9 or a through z or A through Z. Other characters are allowed (ie. 8 bit characters) if your system supports them.

In order to suppress the special syntactic significance of any of these characters '[] \* ? # @ !  $^-$  \', a backslash ('\') must precede the special character.

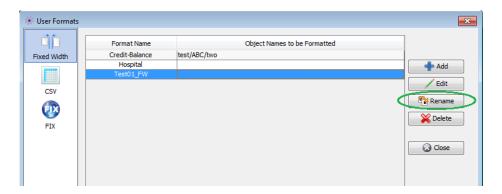
## 9.1.2.4 Saving Format

When you are done inputting fields, click the *Save* button to the new layout to the database.

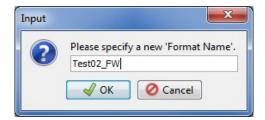
### 9.1.3 Rename a Fixed Width Format

This section will describe how to rename a Fixed Width format.

First, click the *Rename* button.



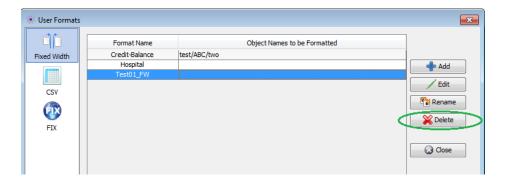
Now specify a new format name then click the OK button.



## 9.1.4 Delete a Fixed Width Format

This section will describe how to delete a Fixed Width format.

First, click the *Delete* button.



Click the Yes button to confirm the deletion of the particular Fixed Width format.



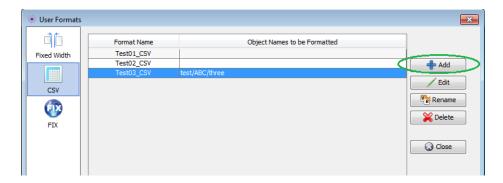
## 9.2 CSV Format

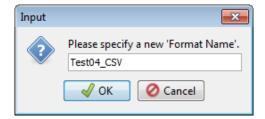
This section will describe how to add, edit and delete CSV (Comma Separated Value) formats.

#### 9.2.1 Add a CSV Format

This section will describe how to add a CSV format.

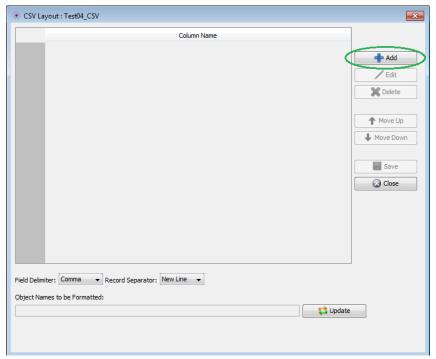
First, click the *Add* button, input a unique name for this new CSV Format and click the *OK* button.





#### 9.2.1.1 Field Definition

Next, on the CSV Layout window, the user can add fields to the layout format by clicking the *Add* button.



Input a name for the CSV column then click the **OK** button.



### 9.2.1.2 Field Delimiter

The *Field Delimiter* states how each column is separated from the next column. The default is "Comma". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

#### 9.2.1.3 Record Separator

The *Record Separator* states how each row is laid out in the message data. The default is "New Line". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

### 9.2.1.4 Object Names to be formatted

The *Object Names to be formatted* is a list of queues and topics that the format will be automatically applied to when the user clicks the Fixed Width Viewer in the Edit Message Window. This parameter is optional.

The *Object Names to be formatted* can be the fully qualified queue or topic name or it can be a regular expression pattern.

In the regular expression pattern:

- '\*' matches any sequence of characters (zero or more)
- '?' matches any single character
- '#' matches any single numeric digit (0-9)
- '@' matches any single alphabetic character (A-Z, a-z)
- [SET] matches any of the characters in the specified set
- [!SET] or [^SET] matches any character except those specified in the set (negation).

A SET can be composed of characters or ranges. A range is in the form: 'character – character' (i.e. 0-9 or A-Z). Although this is the simplest range allowed in the [] pattern, more complex inclusive ranges such as [0-9a-zA-Z] are allowed. [0-9a-zA-Z] specifies that the character can be 0 through 9 or a through z or A through Z. Other characters are allowed (ie. 8 bit characters) if your system supports them.

In order to suppress the special syntactic significance of any of these characters '[] \* ? # @ !  $^-$  \', a backslash ('\') must precede the special character.

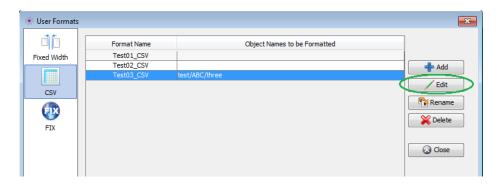
#### 9.2.1.5 Saving Format

When you are done inputting fields, click the *Save* button to the new layout to the database.

#### 9.2.2 Edit a CSV Format

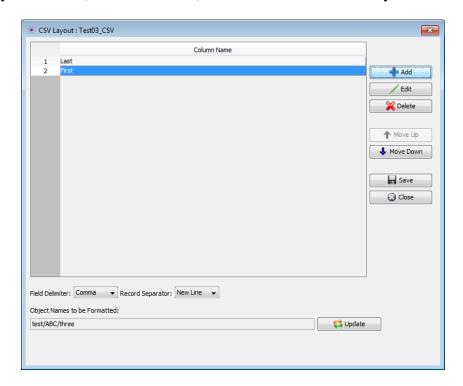
This section will describe how to edit a CSV format.

Click the *Edit* button (or double left click on the format name) to open the CSV Layout window.



#### 9.2.2.1 Field Definition

On the CSV Layout window, the user can add, edit or delete fields of the layout format.



#### 9.2.2.2 Field Delimiter

The *Field Delimiter* states how each column is separated from the next column. The default is "Comma". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

#### 9.2.2.3 Record Separator

The *Record Separator* states how each row is laid out in the message data. The default is "New Line". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

### 9.2.2.4 Object Names to be formatted

The *Object Names to be formatted* is a list of queues and topics that the format will be automatically applied to when the user clicks the Fixed Width Viewer in the Edit Message Window. This parameter is optional.

The *Object Names to be formatted* can be the fully qualified queue or topic name or it can be a regular expression pattern.

In the regular expression pattern:

- '\*' matches any sequence of characters (zero or more)
- '?' matches any single character
- '#' matches any single numeric digit (0-9)
- '@' matches any single alphabetic character (A-Z, a-z)
- [SET] matches any of the characters in the specified set
- [!SET] or [^SET] matches any character except those specified in the set (negation).

A SET can be composed of characters or ranges. A range is in the form: 'character – character' (i.e. 0-9 or A-Z). Although this is the simplest range allowed in the [] pattern, more complex inclusive ranges such as [0-9a-zA-Z] are allowed. [0-9a-zA-Z] specifies that the character can be 0 through 9 or a through z or A through Z. Other characters are allowed (ie. 8 bit characters) if your system supports them.

In order to suppress the special syntactic significance of any of these characters '[] \* ? # @ !  $^-$  \', a backslash ('\') must precede the special character.

## 9.2.2.5 Saving Format

When you are done inputting fields, click the *Save* button to the new layout to the database.

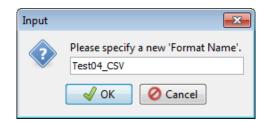
### 9.2.3 Rename a CSV Format

This section will describe how to rename a CSV format.

First, click the *Rename* button.



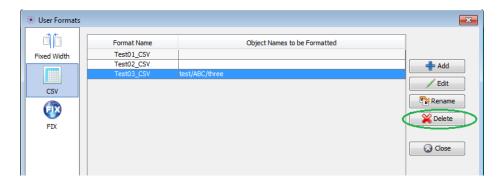
Now specify a new format name then click the OK button.



### 9.2.4 Delete a CSV Format

This section will describe how to delete a CSV format.

First, click the *Delete* button.



Click the Yes button to confirm the deletion of the particular CSV format.



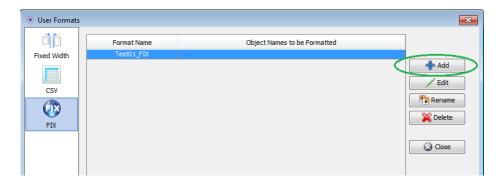
## 9.3 FIX Format

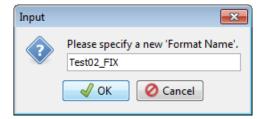
This section will describe how to add, edit and delete FIX (Financial Information eXchange) formats.

#### 9.3.1 Add a FIX Format

This section will describe how to add a FIX format.

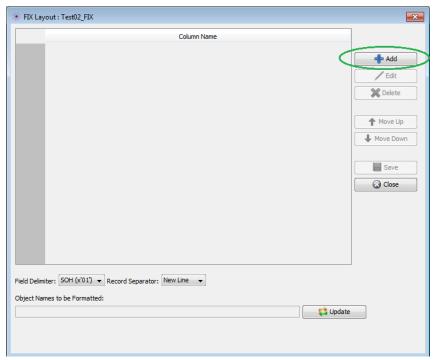
First, click the *Add* button, input a unique name for this new FIX Format and click the *OK* button.



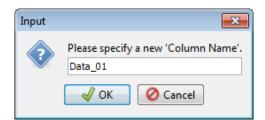


#### 9.3.1.1 Field Definition

Next, on the FIX Layout window, the user can add fields to the layout format by clicking the *Add* button.



Input a name for the FIX column then click the **OK** button.



### 9.3.1.2 Field Delimiter

The *Field Delimiter* states how each column is separated from the next column. The default is "SOH (x'01')". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

#### 9.3.1.3 Record Separator

The *Record Separator* states how each row is laid out in the message data. The default is "New Line". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

### 9.3.1.4 Object Names to be formatted

The *Object Names to be formatted* is a list of queues and topics that the format will be automatically applied to when the user clicks the Fixed Width Viewer in the Edit Message Window. This parameter is optional.

The *Object Names to be formatted* can be the fully qualified queue or topic name or it can be a regular expression pattern.

In the regular expression pattern:

- '\*' matches any sequence of characters (zero or more)
- '?' matches any single character
- '#' matches any single numeric digit (0-9)
- '@' matches any single alphabetic character (A-Z, a-z)
- [SET] matches any of the characters in the specified set
- [!SET] or [^SET] matches any character except those specified in the set (negation).

A SET can be composed of characters or ranges. A range is in the form: 'character – character' (i.e. 0-9 or A-Z). Although this is the simplest range allowed in the [] pattern, more complex inclusive ranges such as [0-9a-zA-Z] are allowed. [0-9a-zA-Z] specifies that the character can be 0 through 9 or a through z or A through Z. Other characters are allowed (ie. 8 bit characters) if your system supports them.

In order to suppress the special syntactic significance of any of these characters '[] \* ? # @ !  $^-$  \', a backslash ('\') must precede the special character.

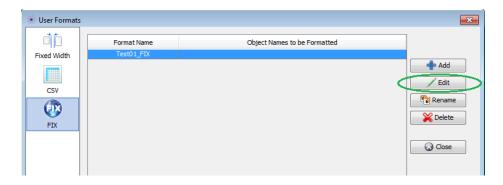
## 9.3.1.5 Saving Format

When you are done inputting fields, click the *Save* button to the new layout to the database.

#### 9.3.2 Edit a FIX Format

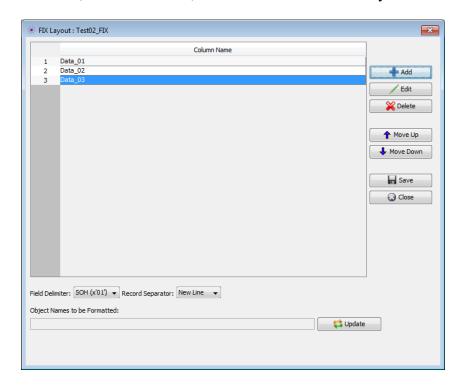
This section will describe how to edit a FIX format.

Click the *Edit* button (or double left click on the format name) to open the FIX Layout window.



#### 9.3.2.1 Field Delimiter

On the FIX Layout window, the user can add, edit or delete fields of the layout format.



#### 9.3.2.2 Field Delimiter

The *Field Delimiter* states how each column is separated from the next column. The default is "SOH (x'01')". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

#### 9.3.2.3 Record Separator

The *Record Separator* states how each row is laid out in the message data. The default is "New Line". The user can change it to one of the other values in the dropdown.

#### 9.3.2.4 Object Names to be formatted

The *Object Names to be formatted* is a list of queues and topics that the format will be automatically applied to when the user clicks the Fixed Width Viewer in the Edit Message Window. This parameter is optional.

The *Object Names to be formatted* can be the fully qualified queue or topic name or it can be a regular expression pattern.

In the regular expression pattern:

- '\*' matches any sequence of characters (zero or more)
- '?' matches any single character
- '#' matches any single numeric digit (0-9)
- '@' matches any single alphabetic character (A-Z, a-z)
- [SET] matches any of the characters in the specified set
- [!SET] or [^SET] matches any character except those specified in the set (negation).

A SET can be composed of characters or ranges. A range is in the form: 'character – character' (i.e. 0-9 or A-Z). Although this is the simplest range allowed in the [] pattern, more complex inclusive ranges such as [0-9a-zA-Z] are allowed. [0-9a-zA-Z] specifies that the character can be 0 through 9 or a through z or A through Z. Other characters are allowed (ie. 8 bit characters) if your system supports them.

In order to suppress the special syntactic significance of any of these characters '[] \* ? # @ !  $^-$  \', a backslash ('\') must precede the special character.

#### 9.3.2.5 Saving Format

When you are done inputting fields, click the *Save* button to the new layout to the database.

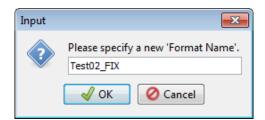
### 9.3.3 Rename a FIX Format

This section will describe how to rename a FIX format.

First, click the *Rename* button.



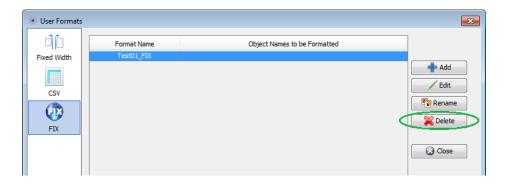
Now specify a new format name then click the OK button.



## 9.3.4 Delete a FIX Format

This section will describe how to delete a FIX format.

First, click the *Delete* button.



Click the Yes button to confirm the deletion of the particular FIX format.



## 10 Favorites

This chapter will describe how to add a favorite or organize the user's list of favorites. Favorites is similar to Internet Explorer's favorites but rather than adding a favorite web site, the user adds a favorite topic and MQTT Broker combination.

## 10.1 Add Favorite

This section will describe how to add a favorite topic & MQTT Broker combination to the user's favorite list.

If you have previously opened topic *test/ABC/one*, the main panel may look something like:



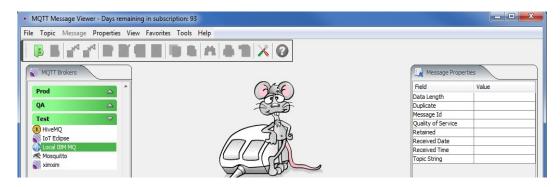
From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Favorite, then Add to Favorites.

There will be no change to the main panel. The action sets the topic and MQTT Broker combination as a favorite to the user's favorite list.

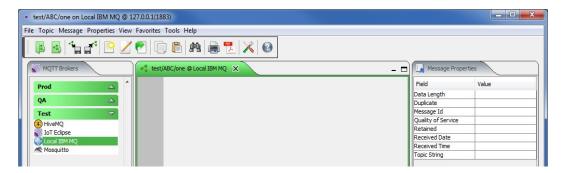
## 10.2 Open Favorite

This section will describe how to open a favorite topic and MQTT Broker combination.

From the main window when no topics are open, MQTT Message Viewer will look like:



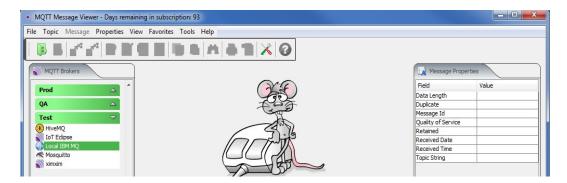
From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Favorite**, then click the favorite to be opened (i.e. 'test/ABC/one') and the topic will be opened.



## 10.3 Organize Favorite

This section will describe how to organize the user's list of favorites. MQTT Message Viewer's favorites are very similar to Internet Explorer's favorites. Basically, it gives the user a very quick way to return to a previously opened topic and MQTT Broker combination.

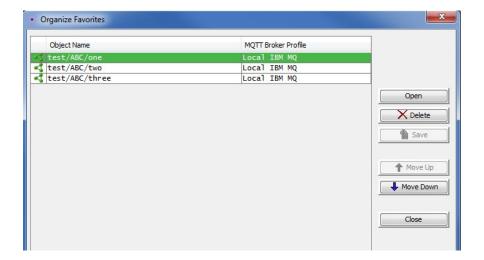
From the main window when no topics are open, MQTT Message Viewer will look like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Favorite, then Organize Favorites.

The user can do the following actions:

- Move favorites up or down
- Delete a favorite
- Directly Open a favorite
- Save the updated favorite list when they are done.



# 11 Stress Testing Tools

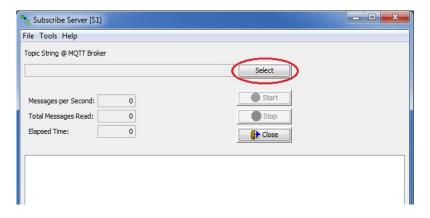
This chapter will describes how to invoke and use the Stress Testing Tools included with MQTT Message Viewer.

## 11.1 Subscribe Server

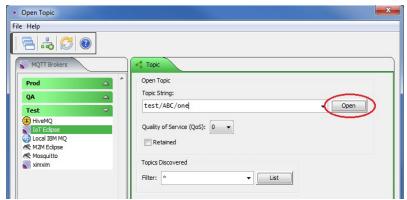
This section will describe how to invoke and use the Subscribe Server Stress Testing tool. The Subscribe Server will continuously consume messages of a topic and show statistics of its current state. For the Stress Testing Servers (Subscribe & Publish Servers), you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Servers are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select MQTT Tools, then Subscribe Server.

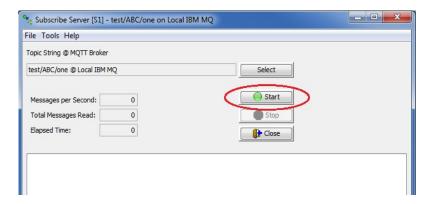
This is the main panel of the Subscribe Server. The user will need to select the topic and MQTT Broker before starting the Subscribe Server. Click the **Select** button to choose the topic and MQTT Broker.



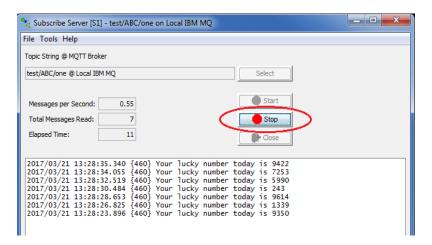
This is the standard 'Open Topic' dialog. Select the topic and MQTT Broker then click the Open button.



Once the topic and MQTT Broker have been selected, the user can now start the Subscribe Server by clicking the **Start** button.



While the Subscribe Server is running, the current statistics are displayed and updated. To stop the execution of the Subscribe Server click the **Stop** button.



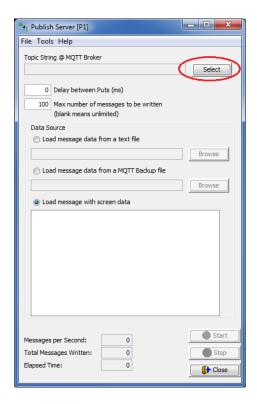
#### 11.2 Publish Server

This section will describe how to invoke and use the Publish Server Stress Testing tool. The Publish Server will publish (put) messages to a topic. It can be used to stress test a 'Server Component'. The user can control the feed by putting a delay between the putting messages to a topic. The messages data can be from a simple input text or from a plain text file or from a Backup file.

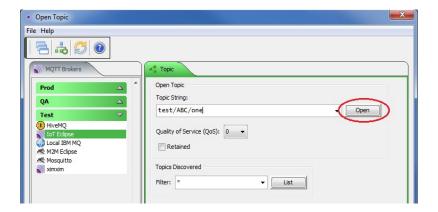
For the Stress Testing Servers (Subscribe & Publish Servers), you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Servers are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select MQTT Tools, then Publish Server.

This is the main panel of the Publish Server. The user will need to select the topic and MQTT Broker before starting the Publish Server. Click the Select button to choose the topic and MQTT Broker.



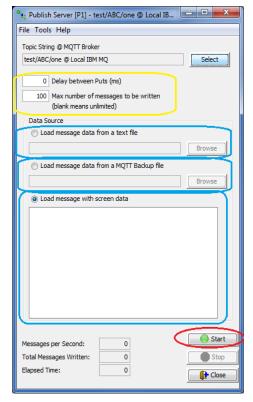
This is the standard 'Open Topic' dialog. Select the topic and MQTT Broker then click the Open button.



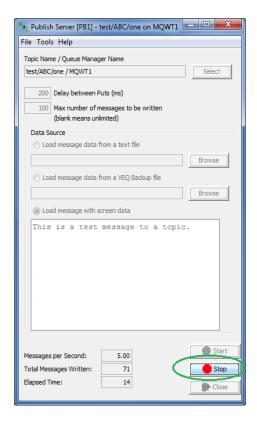
Once the topic and MQTT Broker have been selected, the user can provide more information:

- The user can select a delay between puts.
- The user can select the number of messages to be written. Note: A blank in this field means an UNLIMITED number of puts will be done (it will run forever).
- The user is required to select a Data Source. The message text can come from 1 of 3 sources:
  - 1. The user can input simple text in the text box on the Publish Server panel. The Message Properties will default to whatever the topic defaults attributes are.
  - 2. The user can select a text file to be used as the message text. The Message Properties header will default to whatever the topic defaults attributes are.
  - 3. The user can select a Backup File. A Backup file can have multiple messages in it. Therefore, each message in the Backup file will be written as separate messages to the topic. Note: If max messages is set to 100 and there are 8 messages in the Backup file then a total of 800 messages will be written to the topic.

After filling in the required information, the user can start the Publish Server by clicking the Start button.



While the Publish Server is running, the current statistics are displayed and updated. To stop the execution of the Publish Server click the **Stop** button.



# **12 Monitoring Tools**

This chapter will describes how to invoke and use the Monitoring Tools included with MQTT Message Viewer.

### 12.1 Broker Status Monitor

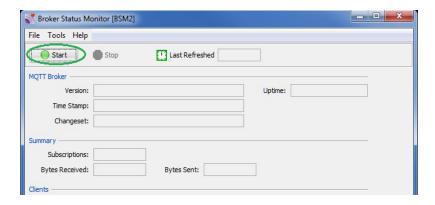
This section will describe how to invoke and use the Broker Status Monitor tool. The Broker Status Monitor will continuously monitor the status of the broker.

For the MQ Tools, you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the MQ Tools are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

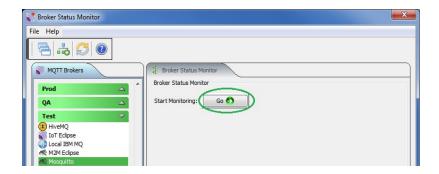
Note: Currently, IBM MQ does **not** support "\$SYS Topic" messages as defined on the following web page: https://github.com/mqtt/mqtt.github.io/wiki/SYS-Topics

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select MQTT Tools, then Broker Status Monitor.

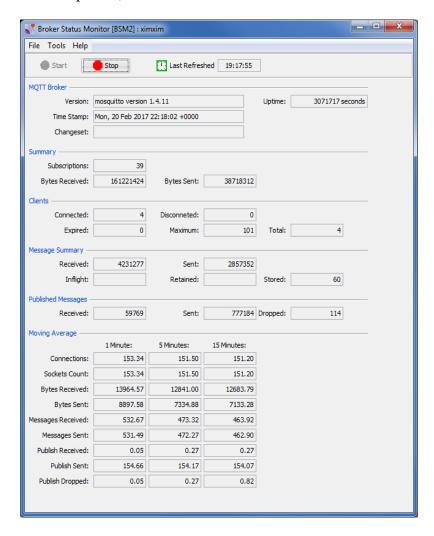
This is the main panel of the Broker Status Monitor. Click the **Start** button to choose the queue manager and options.



This is the 'Broker Status Monitor' selection window, where the user selects the MQTT Broker and clicks the **Go** button.



As the Broker Status Monitor is running, it will receive "\$SYS Topic" messages and popular the screen. Each time a field is updated, the "Last Refreshed" field in the toolbar will also be updated.



The "\$SYS Topics" that Broker Status Monitor subscribes to are the common topics as defined on the following web page: https://github.com/mqtt/mqtt.github.io/wiki/SYS-Topics

To stop the Broker Status Monitor, simply click the **Stop** button.

## 13 Other Tools

This chapter will describes how the other tools included with MQTT Message Viewer.

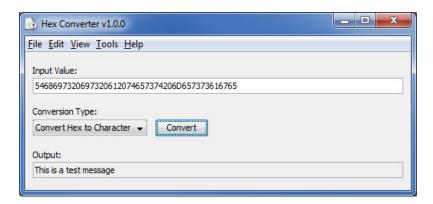
### 13.1 Hex Converter

This section will describe how to invoke and use the Hex Converter tool. Hex Converter tool can convert a hexadecimal number to its corresponding string representation and vice versa. i.e. 0x'3132333041424344' to '1230ABCD'.

For the Other Tools, you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Other Tools are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Tools, then Hex Converter.

This is the main panel of the Hex Converter.



- The user first selects the Conversion type: "Hex to Character" or "Character to Hex"
- Input the value hex or character value into the "Input Value" field
- Click the Convert button to convert the data

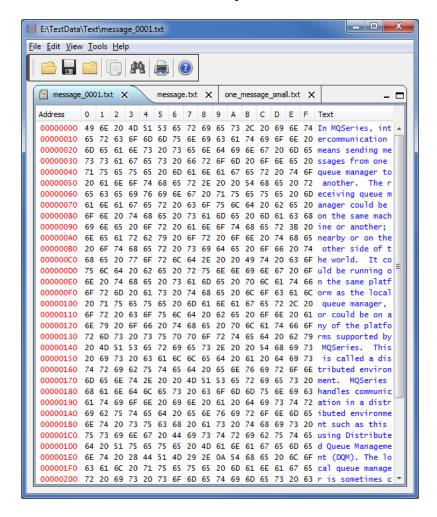
### 13.2 Hex Editor

This section will describe how to invoke and use the Hex Editor tool. The Hex Editor is a simple multipurpose hex editor. The Hex Editor supports multi-file editing.

For the Other Tools, you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Other Tools are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Tools, then Hex Editor.

This is the main panel of the Hex Editor and it has 3 open files.



- Open / editing of multiple files
- Recent File List
- Copy, Find and Find Next
- Save, Save As and Print

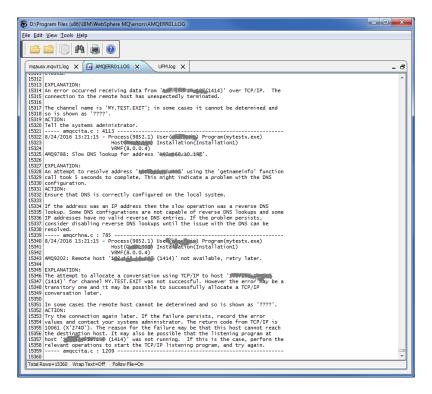
# 13.3 Tail File

This section will describe how to invoke and use the Tail File tool. The Tail File is a simple multipurpose file monitoring viewer. The Tail File supports monitoring of multiple files at the same time.

For the Other Tools, you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Other Tools are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Tools, then Tail File.

This is the main panel of the Tail File and it has 3 open files.



- Opening of multiple files
- Wrap Text and Recent File List
- Copy, Find, Find Next and Print

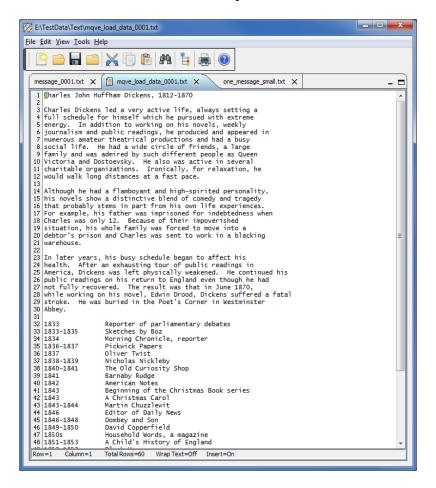
### 13.4 Text Editor

This section will describe how to invoke and use the Text Editor tool. The Text Editor is a simple multipurpose plain-text editor. The Text Editor supports multi-file editing.

For the Other Tools, you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Other Tools are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

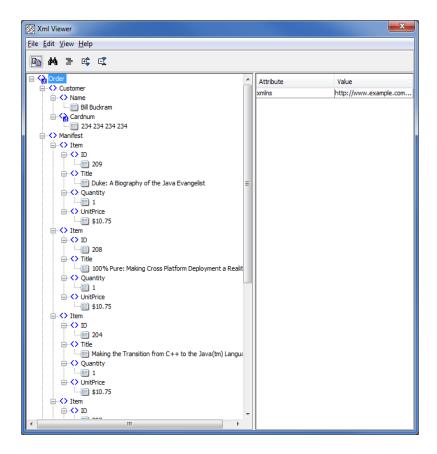
From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Tools**, then **Text Editor**.

This is the main panel of the Text Editor and it has 3 open files.



- Open / editing of multiple files
- Builtin XML Viewer, Wrap Text
- Recent File List
- Cut, Copy, Paste, Find and Find Next
- Save, Save As and Print

The following shows the Text Editor's builtin XML Viewer.



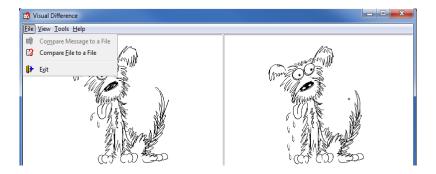
# 13.5 Visual Difference

This section will describe how to invoke and use the Visual Difference tool. The Visual Difference is a simple file to file comparison tool.

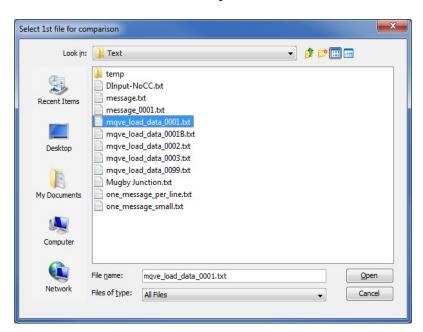
For the Other Tools, you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Other Tools are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select Tools, then Visual Difference.

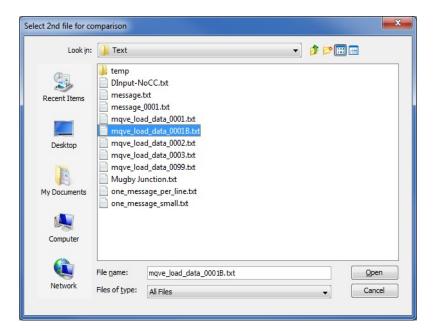
This is the main panel of the Visual Difference. To initiate the file comparison process, click File and then click Compare File to File



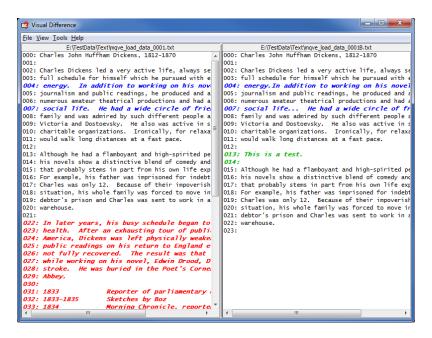
First the user needs to select the first file for the comparison.



Next, the user needs to select the second file for the comparison.



The following shows the difference between 2 files. Differences are highlighted: Green for inserts, Red for deletions and Blue for changes.



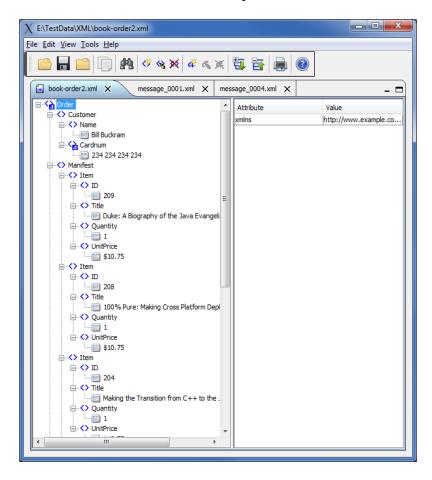
### 13.6 XML Editor

This section will describe how to invoke and use the XML Editor tool. The XML Editor is a simple multipurpose plain-text editor. The XML Editor supports multi-file editing.

For the Other Tools, you can have unlimited number of them running (up to what your box can support). Also, while any of the Other Tools are running, the user can still use MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **Tools**, then **XML Editor**.

This is the main panel of the XML Editor and it has 3 open files.



- Open / editing of multiple files
- Recent File List
- Copy, Find and Find Next
- Save, Save As and Print

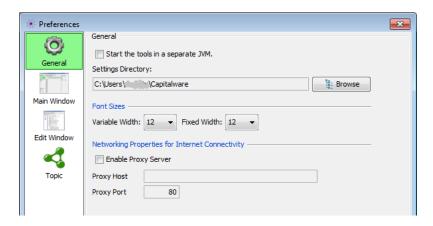
# 14 Miscellaneous

This chapter will describes how the miscellaneous features of MQTT Message Viewer.

#### 14.1 Preferences

This section will describe how to change / update your preferences for MQTT Message Viewer.

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select **File** then **Preferences**. The user will be presented with a popup window that has 4 panels.



#### General Preferences:

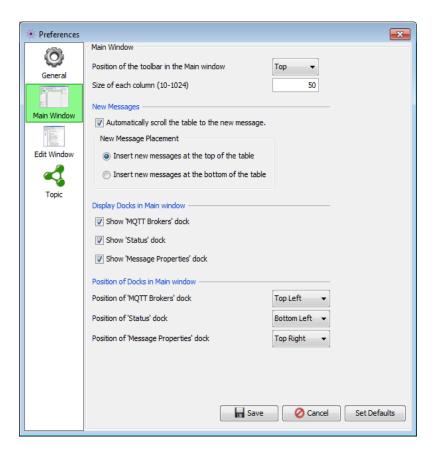
- Start the tools in a separate JVM If the user wants the tools to be launched in a separate JVM then select this checkbox.
- User Directory You can specify where MQTT Message Viewer will store the BrokerInfo.db and UserFormats.db. The BrokerInfo.db contains all of the information necessary to connect to an MQTT Broker.

#### Font Sizes:

- Variable Width The font size to be used for all variable width fonts in MQTT Message Viewer.
- **Fixed Width** The font size to be used for all fixed width fonts in MQTT Message Viewer.

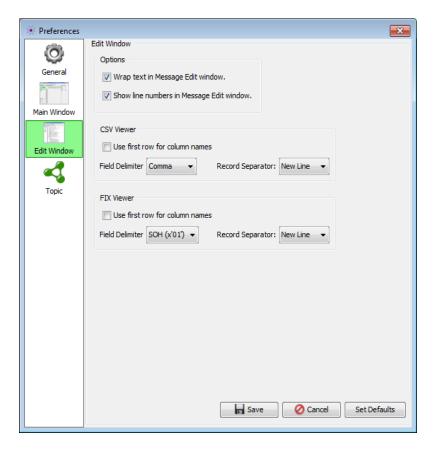
### **Networking Properties:**

- Enable Proxy Server MQTT Message Viewer needs to access the internet to register the product and for continued use. Enable this item if your company uses a Proxy Server.
- **Proxy Host** The Proxy Server address that your company uses.
- **Proxy Port** The Proxy Port number that your company uses.



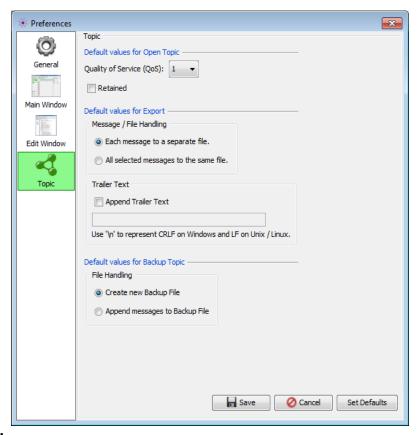
# Main Window Preferences:

- **Position of toolbar in the Main window** The user can select Top, Bottom, Left or Right.
- **Size of each column (10-1024)** The user can set the size of the columns in the Main window. The user can have a column of data as small as 10 characters or as large as 1024 characters. *New Messages:*
- Automatically scroll the table to the new message Set the default behavior when a new
  topic is opened whether or not the view should be automatically scrolled to the newest
  message.
- Insert new messages at the top of the table New messages will be put into the table at top.
- **Insert new messages at the bottom of the table -** New messages will be put into the table at the bottom.
  - Display Docks in Main window:
- **Show 'MQTT Brokers' dock** The user show or not the 'MQTT Brokers' dock in the Main window.
- Show 'Status' dock The user show or not the 'Topic Status' dock in the Main window.
- Show 'Message Properties' dock The user show or not the 'Message Properties' dock in the Main window.
  - Position of Docks in Main window:
- **Position of 'MQTT Brokers' dock** The user can the location of the 'MQTT Brokers' dock in the Main window.
- **Position of 'Status' dock** The user can the location of the 'Topic Status' dock in the Main window
- **Position of 'Message Properties' dock** The user can the location of the 'Message Properties' dock in the Main window.



# Edit Window Preferences:

- Wrap text in Message Edit Window Set the default action for 'Wrap Text' in the Message Edit window.
- Show line numbers in Message Edit Window Set the default action for 'line numbers' in the Message Edit window.



# Topic Preferences:

### **Default values for Open Topic:**

- Quality of Service (QoS) The user can set the default value for 'Quality of Service'.
- **Retained** The user can set the default value for 'Retained'.

#### **Default values for Export:**

- Message / File Handling Either create a file for each message or write all message to the same file.
- **Append Trailer Text** Enable to add trailer text to each message.
- Trailer Text Field for adding trailer text.

To save your preferences, click the **Ok** button. To quit or cancel from the Preferences popup menu, click the Cancel button. If you clicked the **Ok** button, then you should receive the "Preferences Saved" popup menu. Note: The main display will be reset when the preferences are saved.

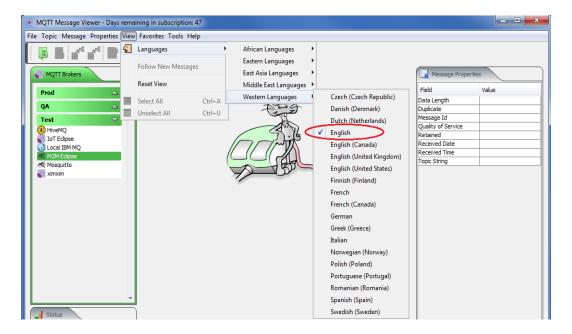


# 14.2 Language

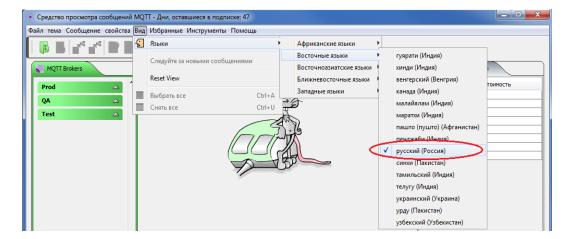
This section will describe how to switch MQTT Message Viewer's Language Text to another Language Text. MQTT Message Viewer has been designed to support Java's multi-language environment. Currently, MQTT Message Viewer has full language support for the following 55 languages:

|   |                                 | <b>A</b> ( )    |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Amharic (am)                            | Hungarian (hu)                  | Shona (sn)      |
| Arabic (ar)                             | Igbo (ig)                       | Sindhi (sd)     |
| Azerbaijani (az)                        | Indonesian (in)                 | Spanish (es)    |
| Bengali (bn)                            | Italian (it)                    | Sundanese (su)  |
| Cebuano (ceb)                           | Japanese (ja)                   | Swahili (sw)    |
| <ul><li>Chinese (China) (zh)</li></ul>  | <ul><li>Javanese jv)</li></ul>  | Swedish (sv)    |
| <ul><li>Chinese (Taiwan) (zh)</li></ul> | Kannada (kn)                    | Tamil (ta)      |
| Czech (cs)                              | Korean (ko)                     | Telugu (te)     |
| Danish (da)                             | Malay (ms)                      | > Thai (th)     |
| Dutch (nl)                              | Malayalam (ml)                  | Turkish (tr)    |
| English (en)                            | Marathi (mr)                    | Ukrainian (uk)  |
| Finnish (fi)                            | Norwegian (no)                  | Urdu (ur)       |
| > French (fr)                           | Panjabi (pa)                    | Uzbek (uz)      |
| German (de)                             | Pashto (ps)                     | Vietnamese (vi) |
| Greek (el)                              | Persian (fa)                    | > Xhosa (xh)    |
| <ul><li>Gujarati (gu)</li></ul>         | Polish (pl)                     | Yoruba (yo)     |
| Hausa (ha)                              | Portuguese (pt)                 | Zulu (zu)       |
| Hebrew (iw)                             | <ul><li>Romanian (ro)</li></ul> |                 |
| Hindi (hi)                              | Russian (ru)                    |                 |

From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select View, then Language.



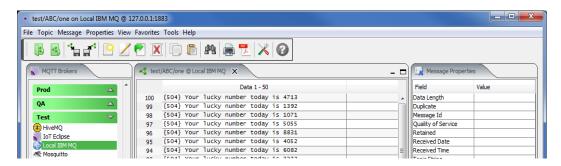
As an example, the user can select Russian as the Language Text to be used for MQTT Message Viewer and then the display would look like:



# 14.3 Follow New Messages

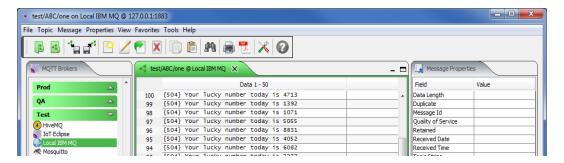
This section will describe how to enable or disable the option of having the view move to the newest message inserted into the table in the main panel.

If you have previously opened test/ABC/one, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select View, then Follow New Messages (unselect the option).

The main panel will not scroll when new messages are inserted, as per below:



# 14.4 Select All Messages

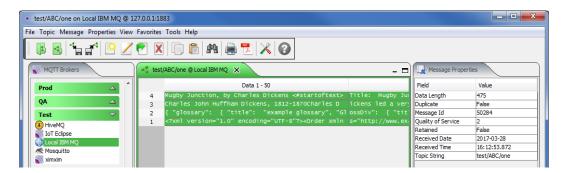
This section will describe how to select all of the messages displayed in the main panel.

If you have previously opened test/ABC/one, the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select View, then Select All.

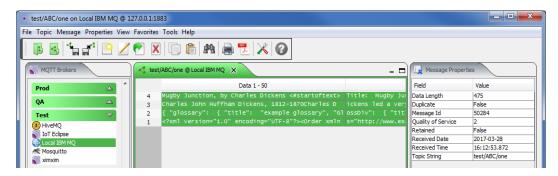
The main panel should have all of the messages selected, as per below:



# 14.5 Unselect All Messages

This section will describe how to unselect all of the messages displayed in the main panel.

If you have previously opened the topic test/ABC/one with all messages selected, then the main panel may look something like:



From the main panel of MQTT Message Viewer, select View, then Unselect All.

The main panel should have all of the messages selected, as per below:



# 15 Appendix A – Mouse and Keyboard Actions

This section describes the buttons on MQTT Message Viewer's toolbar.

### 15.1 Toolbar



- Close Topic Clicking the Close Topic button will remove the currently displayed dock.
- **Backup Topic** Clicking the Backup Topic button will all messages or selected messages to a file.
- **Restore Topic** Clicking the Restore Topix button will load (restore) messages from a backed up file.
- **Insert Message** Clicking the Insert Message button will display the Message Edit window. Contents of the Message Edit window will be empty.
- Edit Message Clicking the Edit Message button will display the selected message in the Message Edit window.
- **Forward Message** Clicking the Forward Message button will display the Forward Message window, so that the selected message can be forwarded (copy the message from current topic and put it to another topic). One or more messages can be forwarded.
- **Delete Message** Clicking the Delete Message button will remove the selected messages from the table being displayed.
- Cut Message Clicking the Cut Message button will "cut" the messages from the topic and into the computer's clipboard. Note: If you "cut" more than one message, all of the messages will be combined and placed in the clipboard as one message.
- Copy Message Clicking the Copy Message button will "copy" the messages from the topic and into the computer's clipboard. Note: If you "copy" more than one message, all of the messages will be combined and placed in the clipboard as one message.
- Paste Message Clicking the Paste Message button will copy the contains of the clipboard (whatever that may be) to a new message and put in the topic.
- **Find** Clicking the Find button will display the Find window. The Find window allows the user to search for a text string that may be contained within one of the messages in the topic.
- **Print Message** Clicking the Print Message button will prompt the user to confirm that you wish to print the selected message.
- **Generate Report** Clicking the Generate Repor button will prompt the user to select the values (report type, report format, etc.) for the report generation.
- **Preferences** Clicking the Preferences button will display the preferences popup dialog box.
- **Help** Clicking the Help button will display MQTT Message Viewer's Help system. The Help system provides various information about how and what features and functions are available in MQTT Message Viewer.

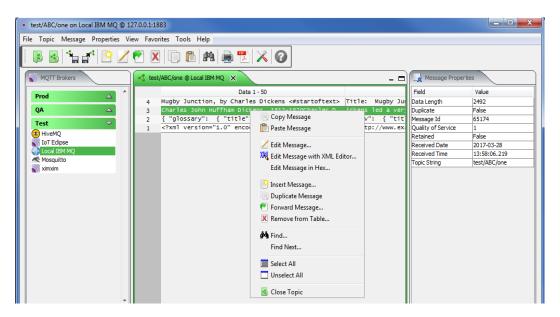
# 15.2 Mousing Around in MQTT Message Viewer

#### 15.2.1 Left Button

• In the main window of MQTT Message Viewer, while displaying messages of an opened topic, if the user double clicks the left mouse button, then the selected message will be display in the Message Edit window.

### 15.2.2 Right Button

In the main window of MQTT Message Viewer, while displaying messages of an opened topic, if the user clicks the right mouse button, then the following popup menu will be displayed.



- Copy Message Selecting the Cut Message menu item will "cut" the messages from the topic and into the computer's clipboard. Note: If you "cut" more than one message, all of the messages will be combined and placed in the clipboard as one message.
- Copy Message Selecting the Copy Message menu item will "copy" the messages from the topic and into the computer's clipboard. Note: If you "copy" more than one message, all of the messages will be combined and placed in the clipboard as one message.
- Paste Message Selecting the Paste Message menu item will paste the contains of the clipboard (whatever that may be) to a new message and put to the topic.
- Edit Message Selecting the Edit Message menu item will display the selected message in the Message Edit window.
- Edit Message in Hex Selecting the Edit Message in Hex menu item will display the selected message in the Hex Message Edit window.
- Edit Message with XML Editor Selecting the Edit Message with XML Editor menu item will display the selected message in the XML Editor window.
- **Insert Message** Selecting the Insert Message menu item will display the Message Edit window. Contents of the Message Edit window will be empty.
- **Duplicate Message** Selecting the Duplicate Message menu item will replicate all the selected message(s) to the current topic. One or more messages can be duplicated.

- Forward Message Selecting the Forward Message menu item will display the Forward Message window, so that the selected message can be forwarded (copy the message from current topic and put to another topic). One or more messages can be forwarded.
- **Delete Message** Clicking the Delete Message button will remove the selected messages from the table being displayed.
- **Find** Selecting the Find menu item will display the Find window. The Find window allows the user to search for a text string that may be contained within one of the messages in the topic.
- **Find Next** Selecting the Find Next menu item will display the Find window but the search will continue from the previous search position.
- Select All Selecting the Select All menu item will select (highlight) all messages in the topic.
- Unselect All Selecting the Unselect All menu item will de-select (un-highlight) all messages in the topic.
- Close Topic Clicking the Close Topic button will remove the currently displayed tab.

# 15.3 Keyboard short-cuts in MQTT Message Viewer

There are many short-cut (accelerator) key combinations in MQTT Message Viewer.

Note: Ctrl means press and hold the Control key and then press the key after the "-" (minus sign).

| Ctrl-O | Will display the Open Topic window.   |
|--------|---|
| Ctrl-X | Will "cut" the messages from the topic and into the computer's clipboard (messages remain in the topic). Note: If you "cut" more than one message, all of the messages will be combined and placed in the clipboard as one message.   |
| Ctrl-C | Will "copy" the messages from the topic and into the computer's clipboard (messages remain in the topic). Note: If you "copy" more than one message, all of the messages will be combined and placed in the clipboard as one message. |
| Ctrl-V | Will paste the contains of the clipboard (whatever that may be) to a new message and place it in the topic.   |
| Ctrl-E | Will display the selected message in the Message Edit window.   |
| Ctrl-I | Will display the Message Edit window to allow the user to insert a new message.  Contents of the Message Edit window will be empty.   |
| Ctrl-W | Will display the Forward Message window, so that the selected message can be forwarded (copy the message from current topic and put to another topic). One or more messages can be forwarded.   |
| Ctrl-D | Will prompt the user to confirm that you wish to delete the selected message(s). One or more messages can be deleted.   |
| Ctrl-F | Will display the Find window. The Find window allows the user to search for a text string that may be contained within one of the messages in the topic.  |
| Ctrl-P | Will display the printer selection dialog so that the selected message can be printed.  |
| Ctrl-G | Will display the Find window but the search will continue from the previous search position.  |
| Ctrl-A | Will select (highlight) all messages in the topic.  |
| Ctrl-U | Will de-select (un-highlight) all messages in the topic.  |
| F1     | Will display MQTT Message Viewer's Help system. The Help system provides various information about how and what features and functions are available in MQTT Message Viewer.  |

# 16 Appendix B - MQTT Message Viewer Upgrade Procedures

To upgrade an existing installation of MQTT Message Viewer, please do the following in the appropriate section below.

# 16.1 Windows Upgrade

- > Stop all instances of MQTT Message Viewer
- ➤ Backup any MQTT Message Viewer data files in the MQTT Message Viewer install directory
- ➤ Go to the Windows Control Panel and select Program and Features
- > Select MQTT Message Viewer and then click the Uninstall button
- Run the install program called: mtmv-setup-withjre.exe
- The installer follows the standard Windows install procedures and provides default values for the user.
- When the install program has completed execution, there will be a newly created folder under Start -> All Programs called MQTT Message Viewer.
- Restore the MQTT Message Viewer data files if necessary
- To run MQTT Message Viewer, select the MQTT Message Viewer icon from within the MQTT Message Viewer folder.

# 16.2 Linux Upgrade

- Stop all instances of MQTT Message Viewer
- Backup any MQTT Message Viewer data files in the MQTT Message Viewer install directory
- Next, run the installer with the following command: ./mtmv-setup-trial-linux.bin
- The installer will prompt the user for the installation directory. The default value will be 'Capitalware/MTMV'.
- Restore the MQTT Message Viewer data files if necessary
- To run MQTT Message Viewer, go to the installation directory and issue the following command: ./mtmv

# 16.3 Max OS X Upgrade

- > Stop all instances of MQTT Message Viewer
- > Go to the Applications folder and drag the MQTT Message Viewer application to the Trash
- Double click the **MQTT** Message Viewer.dmg file to open it
- Follow the instructions on the opened DMG window and drag the MQTT Message Viewer icon to the Applications folder.
- Close the DMG window and then eject the DMG
- To run MQTT Message Viewer, go to the Application folder and double click on **MQTT Message Viewer**

# 17 Appendix C - Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

**Q**. When I click the Test button in the MQTT Broker Profile window, nothing happens. No response from MQTT Message Viewer at all.

**A**. This generally means that the MQTT Message Viewer is timing out on a TCP/IP error. The TCP/IP time-out value appears to be at least 1 minute (maybe even longer).

#### Solutions:

- Assuming the network is stable and working, make sure that the MQTT Broker is running on the server that you are attempting to connect to.
- The time-out could be from an incorrect value for either the hostname or Port #.
  - From a Command Prompt or Unix shell, ping the hostname e.g. ping remotehostname or ping xx.xx.xx

Also, verify that you have inputted the same port number that the MQTT Boker is using on the remote server.

**Q**. Can I install MQTT Message Viewer on a network drive (LAN) and run it from that location?

**A**. Yes. MQTT Message Viewer will happily run from a network drive. Each user's preferences will be stored in their own "Settings Directory".

On Windows, the home directory is the **%USERPROFILE%** folder:

C:\Users\UserID\Capitalware\

On Unix and Linux, the home directory is the user's standard logon directory

/export/home/UserID/Capitalware/

Note: If you going to run MQTT Message Viewer from a network drive and share it with other members of your team, please make sure you have purchased sufficient licenses of MQTT Message Viewer.

**Q**. **Q**. Can I share my MQTT Broker connection information for MQTT Message Viewer with another user or put it on a network drive (LAN)?

**A**. Yes. MQTT Message Viewer stores the MQTT Broker connection information in a file called: **BrokerInfo.db**. By default, this file is stored in the user's "Settings Directory". You can move the BrokerInfo.db to any directory or network drive that you wish.

| C | <b>)</b> . |
|---|------------|
|   |            |

A.

# 18 Appendix D - Support

The support for MQTT Message Viewer can be found at the following location:

# **Online Help Desk Ticketing System at**

www.capitalware.com/phpst/

# By email at:

support@capitalware.com

# By regular mail at:

Capitalware Inc. Attn: MQTT Message Viewer Support Unit 11, 1673 Richmond Street, PMB524 London, Ontario Canada N6G 2N3

# 19 Appendix E – Summary of Changes

- > MQTT Message Viewer v1.4.0
  - Added a new viewer on the Message Edit window called: Fixed Width Viewer.
     Clicking it will parse the message data into a spreadsheet display.
  - o Added a new viewer on the Message Edit window called: CSV Viewer. Clicking it will parse the message data into a spreadsheet display.
  - o Added a new viewer on the Message Edit window called: FIX (Financial Information eXchange) Viewer. Clicking it will parse the message data into a spreadsheet display.
  - o Added a wizard so that the user can quickly create and save Fixed Width format structure, CSV column names and FIX column names.
  - Added a new options on the Preferences' Edit Window called: 'For CSV Viewer, use first row for column name', drop selector for field delimiter and a drop selector for record separator.
  - Added a new options on the Preferences' Edit Window called: 'For FIX Viewer, use first row for column name' and drop selector for delimiter, drop selector for field delimiter and a drop selector for record separator.
  - O Added the ability to associate a time zone with a broker. Hence, the message's date and time will be in the specified time zone.
  - o Fixed an issue with resetting the view correctly and also when changing the language.
  - Added launching a web browser from the Registration window for the user to register the license key.
  - The MQ Message Viewer logfile will now be called: MTMV.log (rather than MTMV error.log).
  - Moved the MQTT Server and Broker tools to their own menu dropdown called: MQTT Tools
  - o Enhanced the error message regarding an expired license key
  - o Updated code to better handle "https" call to capitalware.com for registration
  - o Increased the size of the buttons on the windows, so people with Microsoft Surface tablets will find it easier to click buttons with their fingers.
  - Added icons to all of the buttons on the windows. The icons for the buttons match the
    icons for the menu items. Hence, it makes for a better and more consistent look and
    feel.
  - Updated Backup Topic function to support writing the messages to an SQLite database.
  - Updated Restore Topic function to support reading the messages from an SQLite database.
  - Updated Publish Server function to support reading the messages from an SQLite database.
  - o Fixed a bug on Message Edit window where Wrap Text menu item was not honoring user Preferences.
  - Fixed a bug on Message Edit window where Replace menu item was not being enabled/ disabled correctly.
  - o Switched from Apache Xerces to Java's builtin XML parser.
  - Updated docs (English only)

### ➤ MQTT Message Viewer v1.3.0

- o Added support for Enterprise License file
- o Added Clear button on Registration window to allow the user to remove name, email address, license key and access code from the saved settings.
- Added code on Registration window to remove a single quote (') from the name field when retrieving the Access Code.
- Added code to update screen title with either (1) days remaining in subscription or (2) days remaining in trial.
- o Fixed an issue with Generate Report and low values being converted to spaces.
- Fixed an issue with File -> Add MQTT Broker Profile feature adding the MQTT Broker to the wrong group.
- MQTT Message Viewer is now built as a 64-bit executable for Linux, macOS and Windows.

#### > MQTT Message Viewer v1.2.0

- Added the topic string field that the message belongs to on the Message Properties panel
- o Increased the 'Topic String' width when 'Show Message Property Columns' is selected
- o Fixed an issue with the Test button on the MQTT Broker Profile window
- Fixed an issue with coloring the main table when the topic string contains either '#' or '+'
- Fixed button selection coloring on macOS.
- Added code to update screen title with either (1) days remaining in subscription or (2) days remaining in trial.
- Enhanced the Registration window.
- Updated the MQTT Eclipse Paho Client to v1.2.0
- Added extra JVM locale and Charsets for more languages.

#### ➤ MQTT Message Viewer v1.1.0

- o Added the ability to discover topics so that they can be used in a listing
- Added the ability to list discovered topics
- Added the ability to organize discovered topics
- o Added support for delimiters to parse file(s) for 'Import File' feature.
- o Fixed an issue with message coloring when '#' wildcard is used to subscribe to a topic

#### > MQTT Message Viewer v1.0.0

o Initial release.

# 20 Appendix F1 - License Agreement - Unregistered

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# 22 Appendix G - Notices

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